## AQUATIC ANIMAL DISEASE REPORT - 2023

Country/territory: Thailand

Item	Disease status/occurrence code a/c/					Level of	Epidemiologi-							
DISEASES PREVALENT IN THE REGION	Month					diagnosis	cal comment							
FINFISH DISEASES	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	1	numbers
OIE-listed diseases														
1. Infection with epizootic haematopoietic necrosis virus	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
2. Infection with infectious haematopoietic necrosis virus	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
3. Infection with spring viremia of carp virus	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
4. Infection with viral haemorrhagic septicaemia virus	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
5. Infection with Aphanomyces invadans (EUS)	-	-	-	-	-	-								
6. Infection with red sea bream iridovirus	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
7. Infection with koi herpesvirus	-	-	-	-	-	-								
8. Infection with tilapia lake virus	-	-	-	-	-	-								
Non OIE-listed diseases														
9. Grouper iridoviral disease	-	-	-	-	-	-								
10. Viral encephalopathy and retinopathy	-	+?()	-	-	-	-							III	1
11. Enteric septicaemia of catfish	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
12. Carp Edema Virus Disease	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
MOLLUSC DISEASES														
OIE-listed diseases														
1. Infection with Bonamia exitiosa	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
2. Infection with <i>Perkinsus olseni</i>	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
3. Infection with abalone herpesvirus	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
4. Infection with Xenohaliotis californiensis	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
5. Infection with <i>Bonamia ostreae</i>	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
Non OIE-listed diseases														
6. Infection with Marteilioides chungmuensis	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
7. Acute viral necrosis (in scallops)	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
CRUSTACEAN DISEASES														
OIE-listed diseases														
1. Infection with Taura syndrome virus	-	-	_	-	-	-								
2. Infection with white spot syndrome virus	-	-	+?()	-	-	-							III	2
3. Infection with yellow head virus genotype 1		-	+?()	-	-	-							III	3
Item		· ·			Di	sease sta	itus/occ	urrence co	de a/c/				Level of	Epidemiologi-
DISEASES PREVALENT IN THE REGION	Month					diagnosis	cal comment							

CRUSTACEAN DISEASES		February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December		numbers
Infection with infectious hypodermal and haematopoietic necrosis virus		-	-	-	-	+?()							III	4
5. Infection with infectious myonecrosis virus		0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
6. Infection with <i>Macrobrachium rosenbergii</i> nodavirus (White Tail disease)		-	-	-	-	-								
7. Infection with <i>Hepatobacter penaei</i> (Necrotising hepatopancreatitis)		-	-	-	-	-								
8. Acute hepatopancreatic necrosis disease (AHPND)	+?()			+?()	+?()	+?()							III	5
9. Infection with Aphanomyces astaci (Crayfish plague)	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
10. Infection with decapod iridescent virus 1 (DIV1)	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
Non OIE-listed diseases														
11.Hepatopnacreatic Microsporidiosis caused by <i>Enterocytozoon</i> hepatopenaei (HPM-EHP)		+?()	+?()	+?()	+?()	+?()							III	6
12. Viral covert mortality disease (VCMD) of shrimps		-	-	-	-	-								
13. Spiroplasma eriocheiris infection		0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
AMPHIBIAN DISEASES														
OIE-listed diseases														
1. Infection with <i>Ranavirus</i> species		-	+?()	-	-	-							III	7
2. Infection with Batrachochytrium dendrobatidis	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
3. Infection with Batrachochytrium salamandrivorans		0000	0000	0000	0000	0000								
Prepared by:														
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Position:Fisheries Biologist														
Date:15 August 2023														
ANY OTHER DISEASES OF IMPORTANCE				1										
1														
2.														

## DISEASES PRESUMED EXOTIC TO THE REGION<sup>b</sup>

LISTED BY THE OIE

Finfish: Infection with HPR-deleted or HPR0 salmon anaemia virus; Infection with salmon pancreas disease virus;

Infection with Gyrodactylus salaris.

Molluscs: Infection with Marteilia refringens; Perkinsus marinus.

## NOT LISTED BY THE OIE

Finfish: Channel catfish virus disease

a/ Please use the following occurrence code:

Occurrence code and symbol	<u>Definition</u>	Occurrence code and symbol	<u>Definition</u>	
Disease present +	The disease is present with clinical signs in the whole country (in domestic species or wildlife)	Disease absent	The disease was absent in the country during the reporting period (in domestic species or wildlife).	
Disease limited to one or more zones +()	The disease is present with clinical signs, and limited to one or more zones/compartments (in domestic species or wildlife)	Never reported	The disease has "never been reported" (historically absent)	
Infection/infestation +?	Confirmed infestation or infection using diagnostic tests, but no clinical signs observed (in domestic species or wildlife)	0000	for the whole country in domestic species and wildlife.  No information is available regarding the presence or the	
Infection/infestation limited to one or more zones +?()	Confirmed infestation or infection using diagnostic tests, but no clinical signs observed and limited to one or more zones/compartments (in domestic species or wildlife)	No information ***	absence of this disease during the reporting period (in domestic species or wildlife).	
Disease suspected ?	The presence of the disease was suspected but not confirmed (in domestic species or wildlife)			
Disease suspected but not confirmed and limited to one or more zones ?()	The presence of the disease was suspected but not confirmed and limited to one or more zones/compartments (in domestic species or wildlife)			

b/ If there is any changes on historical data, please highlight in RED

## 1. Epidemiological comments:

(Comments should include: 1) Origin of the disease or pathogen (history of the disease); 2) Species affected; 3) Disease characteristics (unusual clinical signs or lesions); 4) Pathogen (isolated/sero-typed); 5) Mortality rate (high/low; decreasing/increasing); 6) Death toll (economic loss, etc); 7) Size of infected areas or names of infected areas; 8) Preventive/control measures taken; 9) Samples sent to national or international laboratories for confirmation (indicate the names of laboratories); 10) Published paper (articles in journals/website, etc). and 11) Unknown diseases: describe details as much as possible.)

Co	omment No.	
	1	A total of 3,540 fish samples from fish farms had been tested at PCR Laboratories of the DOF under active surveillance, 50 specimens or 1.41% recorded as PCR positive for VER. Fish farm with positive testing results is subjected to health improvement, movement control, eradication and/or farm disinfection.

2	A total of 2,790 shrimp samples from shrimp farms had been tested at PCR Laboratories of the DOF under active surveillance, 4 specimens or 0.14% recorded as PCR positive or carrying WSSV genes. Shrimp farm with positive testing results is subjected to health improvement, movement control, eradication and/or farm disinfection.
3	A total of 1,230 shrimp samples from shrimp farms had been tested at PCR Laboratories of the DOF under active surveillance, 20 specimens or 1.63% recorded as PCR positive or carrying YHV genes. Shrimp farm with positive testing results is subjected to health improvement, movement control, eradication and/or farm disinfection.
4	A total of 1,464 shrimp samples from shrimp farms had been tested at PCR Laboratories of the DOF under active surveillance, 1 specimen or 0.07% recorded as PCR positive or carrying IHHNV genes. Shrimp farm with positive testing results is subjected to health improvement, movement control, eradication and/or farm disinfection.
5	A total of 2,282 shrimp samples from shrimp farms had been tested by PCR assay at the DOF's laboratories under active surveillance, 16 specimens or 0.7% recorded as PCR positive for AHPND. Shrimp farms with positive testing results have been subjected to shrimp health management control and pond improvement.
6	A total of 1,925 shrimp samples from shrimp farms had been tested by PCR assay at the DOF's laboratories under active surveillance, 193 specimens or 10.03% recorded as PCR positive for EHP. Shrimp farms with positive testing results have been subjected to shrimp health management control and pond improvement.
7	A total of 134 frog samples had been tested by virus isolation in EPC cell line at the DOF's laboratory under active surveillance. The ranavirus was confirmed using PCR technique, 67 specimens or 50% recorded as positive for Ranavirus. Frog farms with positive testing results have been subjected to health improvement, movement control, eradication and/or farm disinfection.
2. New aquatic anir	nal health regulations introduced within past six months (with effective date):