



Group Work Session

Output of Group 3 - How Public-Private-Partnership can support FMD Prevention and Control?

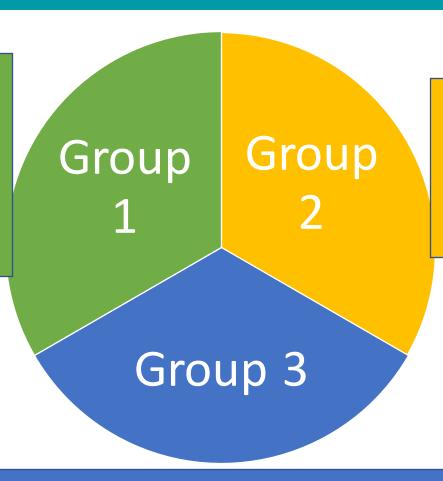
Day 2, 4 October 2022, Bali, Indonesia

Facilitator: Dr Jacqueline and Dr Yuni

Group Work Session

Strengthening collaboration and coordination among FMD free countries and other neighboring FMD endemic countries

Facilitator: Dr Ronello Abila

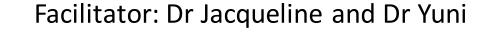


Progression to next PCP stage during the sixth phase of SEACFMD Campaign

Facilitator: Dr Ashish Sutar

How Public-Private- Partnership can support FMD Prevention and Control?







Steps for Group Work

- Discussion to be focused on the key questions for each group
- Group work/ discussion for 45 minutes
- Each Group to assign ONE Rapporteur who will record discussion capture group responses directly over PPT slide (the template is provided)
- Rapporteur shall participate during the Panel discussion (15 minutes)





Group 3: How Public-Private- Partnership can support FMD Prevention and Control?

Participants: Mongolia, Thailand, China, Japan, ACDP, FAO, Australia, Vaccine Manufacturers, Livestock Industry Group, Massey University

Key questions

What are the targets by end of 6th phase SEACFMD roadmap? Strengthening the existing partnerships

What are the key strategies to achieve the target? (1) Active communication, (2) transparency between the partnerships & (3) financial support

Identify the crucial challenges in controlling FMD? (1) Lack of financial support/availability and (2) lack of transparent communication

How do you think you will address these challenges? All Members to manage the challenges as a 'team' not individual





What is the current state of play? (status of existing collaboration, strength, weakness/threat/risk, etc.) opportunities

- 1. PSCC at regional level
- 2. Private sectors have some involvement in FMD control in some Members (e.g. Thailand, Indonesia)
- Different type of private stakeholders need to be regarded and engaged specifically (livestock holders, traders, AH service providers, VMP producers and distributors)
- 4. Communication and engagement with private sector stakeholders is weak and benefits of FMD control for livestock stakeholders are poorly communicated





What are the current challenges?

- 1. Regulatory frameworks differ between countries (e.g. vaccine registration procedures), could prevent PPPs?
- Mandate of public sector AH service providers vs private sector AH service providers for disease control (e.g. allowed to use vaccines?)
- 3. Sustainability and viability of collaborations
- 4. Nagoya Protocol and its implications for vaccine development





What are solutions to address these challenges?

- 1. Promote enabling environment for vaccines procurement & distribution mechanisms by private AH service providers
- 2. Mapping national regulatory frameworks and environments to identify options for regionally applicable options/solutions
- 3. Promote business models that offers incentives for vaccinations (e.g. movement permits based on vaccination status)
- 4. Long-term commercially viable mechanism for relevant livestock stakeholders







Thank You