



World Organisation for Animal Health Founded as OIE

Country Presentation FMD Situation updates and SEACFMD Campaign Progress

Country name: INDONESIA

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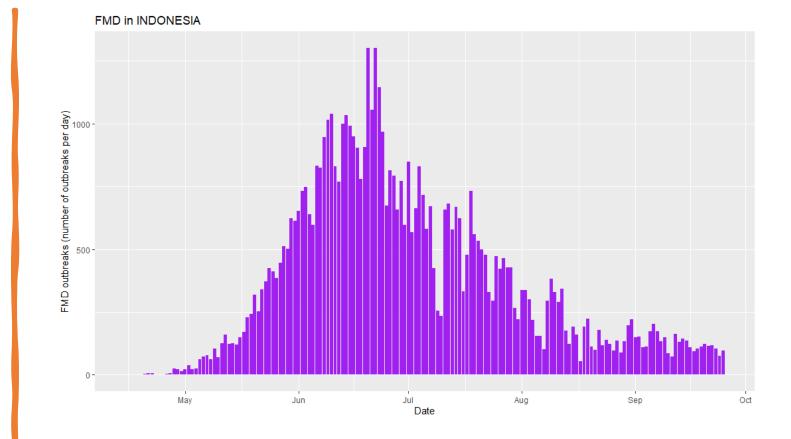
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FMD situation updates

- FMD situation updates
 - Temporal distribution
 - Spatial distribution
 - Serotype distribution
 - Number/ species of animals affected

Temporal distribution

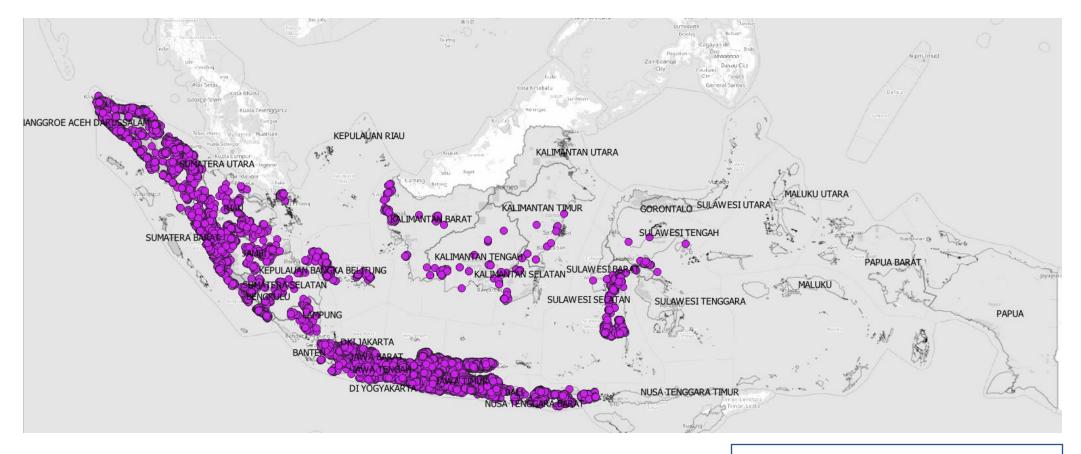


• Total number of outbreaks: 58627

Data source: iSIKHNAS updated 25 September 2022

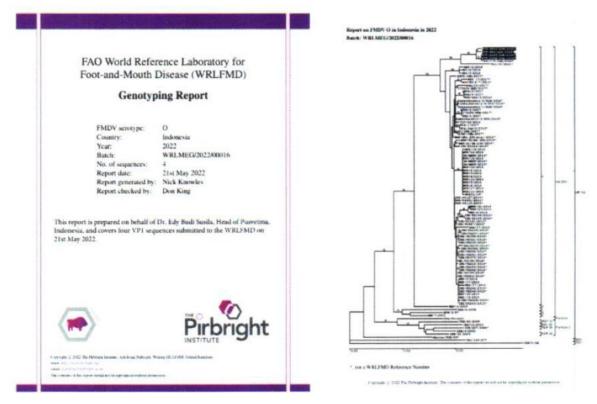
Spatial distribution

• Number of provinces affected: 25



Data source: iSIKHNAS updated 25 September 2022

Serotype distribution



So far, there is only one serotype detected in Indonesia. Characterization was conducted by PUSVETMA as Nat Ref Lab for FMD & DIC Wates as Regional Ref Center for Bioinformatics and supported by The Pirbright Institute.

- Serotype: O
- Topotype: ME-SA
- Liniage: Ind-2001
- Subliniage: 'e'
- O/ME-SA/Ind-2001e

Number/ species of animals affected

SPECIES	NUMBER OF AFFECTED		% OF AFFECTED
Cow		195886	90.53%
Buffalo		16003	7.40%
Goat		2055	0.95%
Not reported		1760	0.81%
Sheep		622	0.29%
Pigs		52	0.02%
Total		216378	100%

Data source: iSIKHNAS updated 25 September 2022

Key Control Measures implemented

Basic Principles of FMD Eradication (Kiatvetindo FMD)

- 1. Prevent contact between susceptible animals with FMD virus: isolation and movement control, surveillance
- 2. Stop FMD virus replication and circulation in the environment: decontamination, proper disposal
- 3. Increase resistance/immunity of susceptible animals: vaccination

Prevent contact between susceptible animals with FMD virus: isolation and movement control, surveillance

- At farmer's level: giving supportive therapy to affected animals and educate farmers not to sell the sick animals
- At market : temporary market closure
- At administrative area level: movement control between areas (infected, free and suspected areas)





Stop FMD virus replication and circulation in the environment: Biosecurity

Training for vet and para vets

- Good biosecurity practice for large, medium and small-scale farmers
 Dreducing simple biosecurity yides
- Producing simple biosecurity video for field officers

Technical guidance for farmers on farms

- Simple biosecurity practices for small holder farmers
- Introducing the usage of effective disinfectant that are easy to access

Providing effective disinfectant and equipment for disinfection

 Sending disinfectant and equipment to affected areas

rea, disinfects his farm



Increase Resistance/Immunity of Susceptible animals: vaccination

- Strategy: ring vaccination and blanket vaccination
- Target of animals: cows and buffalo, other species will be assessed based on risk
- Priority: high value animals such as animals for breeding and dairy cattle

FMD Prevention and Control – Progress of vaccination



FMD Prevention and Control – Progress of the Campaign: Progress of implementation of

SEACFMD Roadmap 2021-2025 till date Main achievement

Objectives/targeted activities as identified in 2016	Activities conducted between 2016 to 2020 to reach these objectives	
Update the Emergency preparedness plan	Reviewed and updated FMD preparedness plan (KIATVETINDO).	
Capacity building among VS in skills relevant to FMD	Training for field officers	
Design IEC material	IEC material designed for field officers to implement biosecurity, and vaccination in the form of video	
FMD lab capacity building such as PCR training	PCR and ELISA training for all DIC	



Thank You