## Outputs of the World Café Session - Enhance FMD Preparedness and Response

Booth/ Group 1	Challenges	Measures
Group 1 – Enhance Prediction	Awareness of the various stakeholders in the	IEC to all stakeholders
	entry points	Advocacy for priority of FMD and other diseases
	Complacency Diagnostic exclusion	Identify high risk entry/exit points
	Geographical situation in each country	Identify illegal routes
	Online trade	Setting up system to monitor trading system (market analysis)
	Dynamic changes of livestock trading	Targeted regulations
	Under resourcing	More budget
	Climate influence	Networking
	Religious celebration	Cross-Border communication and bilateral relations
	Lack of the transparency between countries  Communication	Good record keeping practices/reporting and real time analysis
		Invest disease/climate modelling
		New technologies to detect egArtificial intelligence capability
		SOPs animal movement system
		Additional elements:
		Identify risk pathways
		Disease scanning
		Monitoring prices
		Value chain analysis
Group 2 – Enhance Prevention	Lack of finding /human resources with trained	Awareness
	Lack of transparency	Sustainable training /implement enforcement /enhance
	Insufficient Regulatory environment	veterinary authorities district level
	Lack of the effective coordination and risk	Cost benefit analysis/Socio economic impact
	communication/regular communication	Advocation for regulatory/decision makers
	between two countries	Improving legislation
	Lack of the political support	Improve border security
		Risk analysis, Risk modelling, Risk based Management

	Lack of early detection/information/surveillance/disease monitoring system Lack of balance between intervention priorities Lack of animal control movement control Increase disease burden Lack of the evaluation on the impact Poor biosecurity Lack of disease understanding Access quality of vaccine, incorrect vaccine administration, low coverage, low immunity	Disease surveillance border area, regional agreement controlling animal movement Collaboration/communication multiple stakeholders/sectors Sustainable approach Lack of the control live animal market
Group 3 Enhance Rapid detection	Lack of funding Lack of information system Lack of disease understanding /Acceptance disease and tests Limited trained manpower Geographical barrier/remote area hard to access  Lack of lab diagnostic capacity including reagents, human resources and tools, Testing time, cost of test, lack of expertise, poor samples, Rapid test is not available for the field Report delays from farmers Lack of response from local authorities Stakeholders' agreement has different drivers Lack of incentives Lack of awareness small scall farmers Lack of active, passive surveillance	Legislation for reporting, support reporting by farmers, negative reporting, Incentives for reporting/Understanding the drivers not reporting , Provide information system, invest new technologies Good and sustainable planning Surveillance high risk area Lab capacity building/training on collect samples/clinical diagnosis/stock piling reagents Drone surveillance/harmonize test methods between laboratories/syndromic surveillance /Regional lab support More funding Public awareness, advocacy decision makers,engaging social media campaign, influence customers Sharing best practices
Group 4 Enhance Rapid response	Limited human resource Lack of effective coordination	Data sharing on animal movement/disease data Initiate target-access resources.

Response/Plans&SOPs and legislation in place, update and test Lack of quality samples Limited emergency fund regularly Hard to access Vaccines Strict enforcement of animal and animal products Administration bureaucracy Vaccine banks-establish strategically Lack of epidemiological investigation Political mandate Lack of animal movement control Adequate funding IEC /Coordination Regional partners /Public awareness Lack of data sharing Lack of technical resources Clear communication between Government agencies for Miss allocation of funding coordination Lack of biosecurity Enable easy to access to emergency funds Lack of understanding on response -No SOPs Clear positive cost benefit of the control policy **Unclear legislation** Lack of time to collect and test samples Geographical challenges to get to animals Lack of integration IT system