Newly introduced in South East Asia, this disease threatens horses, donkeys, mules and zebras. It appeared in Thailand in early 2020 and could spread to YOUR COUNTRY.

**African horse sickness (AHS) is a viral disease which can kill up to 95% of affected equids**

**When to suspect AHS?**
- Fever (39-41°C / 102-106°F)
- Difficulty to breathe, spasmodic coughing, dilated nostrils with frothy fluid oozing out
- Swelling of the supraorbital fossa, eyelids, facial tissues, neck, thorax, brisket or shoulders
- Redness of conjunctivae
- Mortality of equids (horses, donkeys, mules and zebras)

**What to do in case of AHS suspicion?**
1. Contact the Veterinary Services.
2. Prevent further spread of the disease by asking the animal owners/keepers to:
   - Keep equids inside from dusk until dawn
   - Protect the building with a mesh/net (1-4 mm) and apply pyrethroids to buildings where equids are kept
   - Avoid any stressful situation for affected equids
   - Do not transport animals into other villages/regions
   - Spray equids with midges repellent, respecting recommended concentrations: 15% DEET
3. In the absence of specific treatment, you can provide supportive treatment to affected equids.

For more information:
OIE regional webpage on AHS: https://rr-asia.oie.int/en/projects/african-horse-sickness/