AFRICAN SWINE FEVER IN VIETNAM

Regional Workshop on Swine Disease Diagnosis Beijing, P. R. China, 30 – 31 Oct 2019



WORLD ORGANISATION FOR ANIMAL HEALTH Protecting animals, preserving our future

Outline



Brief of pig production

ASF Situation

ASF Diagnosis

Prevention and control activities

3

Pig production

Pig population in 2019: > 30 million

Pork volume: 3.82 million tons

Pork presents at 70% meals of Vietnameses

Pig raising households

- 49% of total pig population
- 40% of total pork volume
- ✤ Large big farms
 - 51% of total pig population
 - 60% of total pork volume
- Breeding pigs:
 - Sow: 3.8 million
 - Boar: 76,000





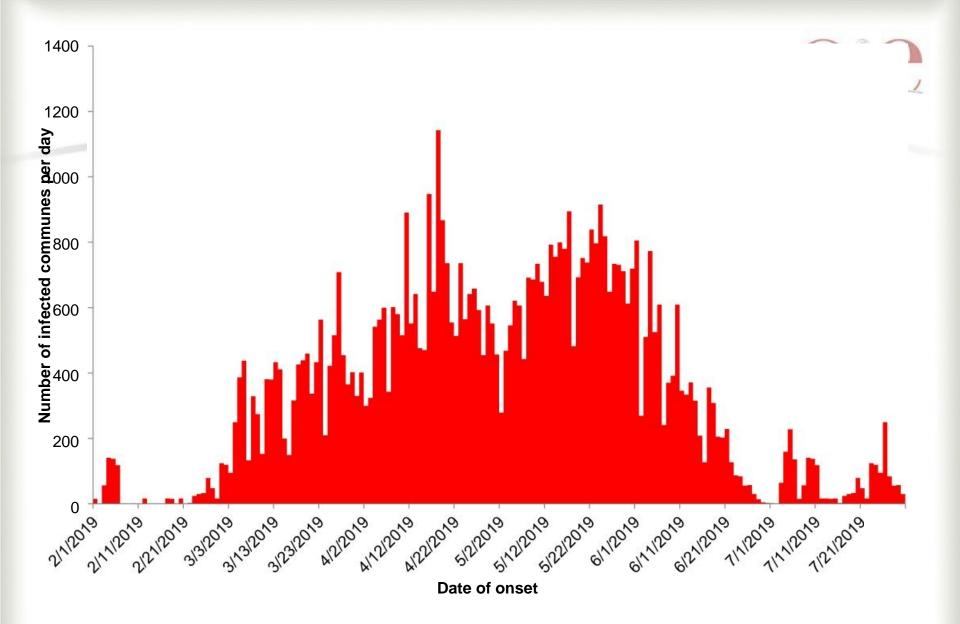




SITUATION OF AFRICAN SWINE FEVER IN VIETNAM

First detection of ASF in Vietnam

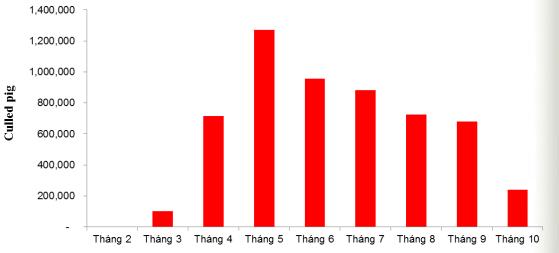
- On 01 Feb 2019, a pig raising household in Hung Yen province reported sick pigs with high fever and death pigs, DAH staff visited immediately and took samples that were then tested at four laboratories using different testing protocols (OIE, USDA, AAHL) with various primer sets and probes. *Conclusion of ASF positive*.
- Culled all 33 pigs of that household in late afternoon of 01 Feb 2019 and application of control measures
- DAH did sequencing the PCR products at two laboratories with confirmation of ASF detection



Temporal distribution of ASF outbreaks in Vietnam between Feb and August 2019

Updated on ASF

From 02/ - 10/2019 620 districts 63 provinces. 5.6 million culled pigs ≈ 8,3% pork volume



CLINICAL SYMPTOM





- Clinical signs were first observed in sows (pregnant sow) and then fattening pigs later in piglets
- Mortality in sow = suspect ASF
- ✤ Infection spreading within the infected farm is slow

CLINICAL SYMPTOM AND NECROPSY LESIONS







DIAGNOSIS





Virus detection Real time PCR – OIE (King et al 2003), (FERNÁNDEZ-PINERO et al 2013) Virus isolation: PAM Cell culture

• Antibody detection ELISA IPT (Indirect Immunoperoxidase Test)

PT

Participated PT panels organised by AAHL/ FAO Inter-laboratory comparison

ASF virus tissue tropism study

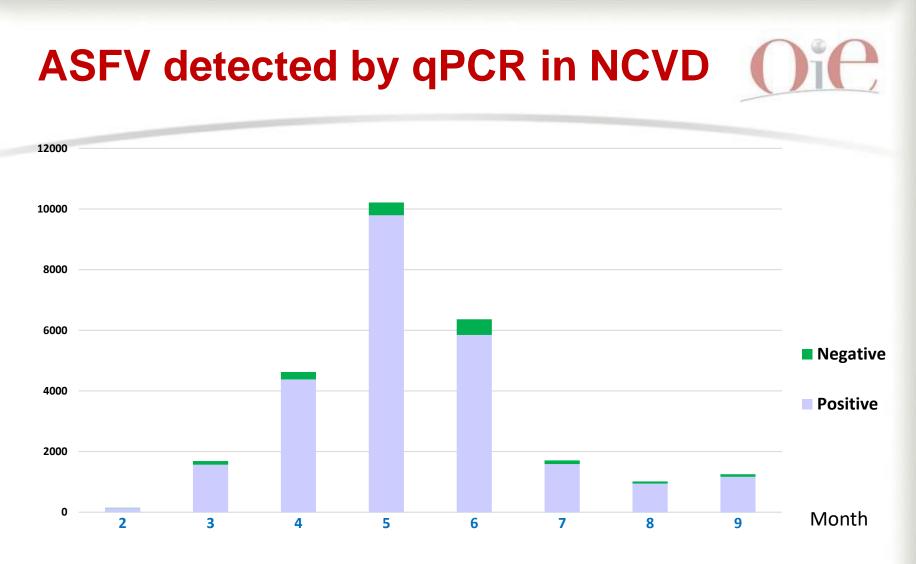
	Organs	Level of ASF viral DNA in organ by Ct value							
No.		Pig No.1 (7wks old, dead)				Pig No.2 (7wks old, sick and killed)			
		1	2	3	Mean	1	2	3	Mean
1	Heart	20.65	20.38	20.82	20.6	19.89	20.45	20.51	20.3
2	Lung	17.59	18.01	17.89	17.8	16.52	16.83	16.24	16.5
3	Liver	15.93	15.83	15.22	15.7	17.10	16.55	16.29	16.6
4	Kidney	20.82	21.23	21.19	21.1	19.83	20.02	20.98	20.3
5	Muscle	24.22	23.62	23.91	23.9	23.73	23.09	23.20	23.3
6	Tonsil	15.39	15.82	15.69	15.6	18.78	19.41	19.38	19.2
7	Spleen	13.98	14.48	14.72	14.4	15.95	15.62	15.33	15.6
8	Lymph node (mesenteric)	16.55	17.04	16.99	16.9	18.19	19.24	18.73	18.7
9	Lymph node (mandibular)	17.30	17.29	16.89	17.2	18.50	18.21	18.72	18.5
10	Lymph node (inguinal)	16.92	16.60	17.12	16.9	18.59	18.64	18.70	18.6
11	Blood (serum)	NA	NA	NA	NA	18.50	19.23	18.79	18.8



Take inguinal lymph node Blood sample

4 2006





- All sera and tissue samples collected from infected pigs are strong positive Ct=12-24
- Positive samples: from 91 to 95 %







PAM cell



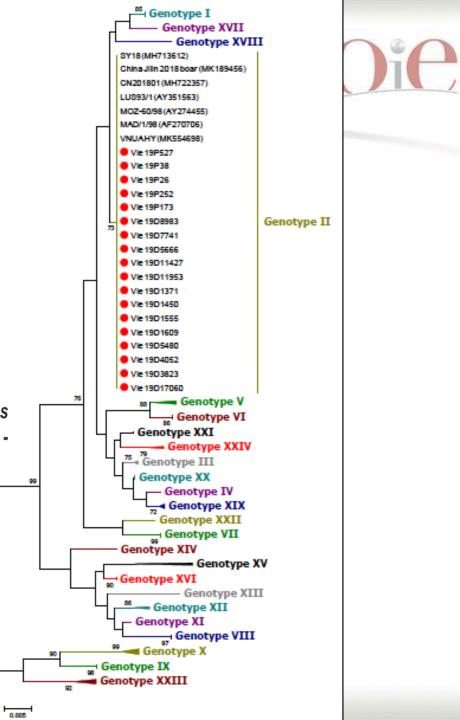
GENETIC ANALYSIS GENOTYPE

* Samples from 18 provinces

NJ tree based on the p72 gene DNA in NCVD samples belong to **ASFV Genotype II.**

 IAEA Emergency ASF Support to MS - (Cambodia; Laos PDR; Mongolia; Thailand; Myanmar and Vietnam) -GENOTYPING BY SEQUENCING

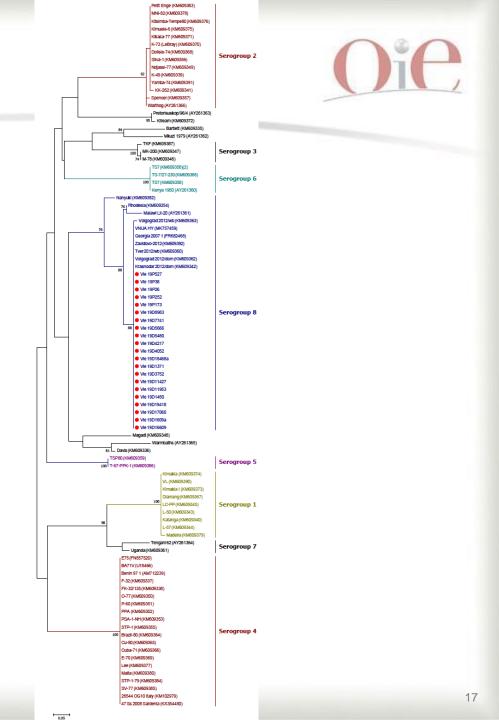
Vietnamese ASFV strains



GENETIC ANALYSIS SEROGROUP

ML tree using the partial amino acid sequences of the CD2v protein to determine the serogroup of the ASFVs in the samples \implies all belong to **serogroup 8.**

• Vietnamese ASFV strains



CVR profile analysis

Sample	CVR	
Vie 19P527	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie 19P38	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19P26	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19P252	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19P173	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D7741	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D11427	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D11953	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D1371	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D1450	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D1555	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D1609	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D16609	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D17060	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D5666	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D5480	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D4217	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D4052	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D18468	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D19418	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D3752	BNDBNDBNAA	
Vie_19D3823	BNDBNDBNAA	

To further look for possible variants, the CVR profile analyzed, by matching the amino acid tetramers of the pB602L of NCVD sample with previously reported , only one pattern in all samples: BNDBNDBNAA

100% similarity among Vietnamese isolates

	90	100	110	120	130	140	150	160	170	180
										[][
Vie_19P527	GCAATAA	ATAACAAGI	ATATAGGAAT	ATATAGGAAT	ATATAGGAAT	ATATAGAAAT.	ATATAGAAAT	AGCTAAGCTTA	ATACTAAT	TCAGCTTTTTTTTTA
Vie_19P38										
Vie_19P26										
Vie_19P252										
Vie_19P173										
Vie_19D8983										
Vie_19D7741										
Vie_19D5666										
Vie_19D5480										
Vie_19D4052										
Vie_19D3823										
Vie_19D1555										
Vie_19D11427										
Vie_19D11953										
Vie_19D1371										
Vie_19D1450										
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Vie_19D1609										
Vie_19D16609										
Vie_19D19418										• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Vie_19D18468										• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Vie_19D17060										• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
KJ620043.1 Bel13/Grodno										
China/2018/AnhuiXCGO_(MK128995										
Estonia_2014_(LS478113)										• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Ukr12/Zapo_(KJ620037)										• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Bryansk2015 (KY385896)										
Volgograd2015 (KY385895)									*******	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Lipetsk2016_(KY385894)										
Voronezh_2016_(KY385893)							• • • • • • • • • •		*******	
CN201801 (MH735144)									*******	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Belgium/2018/Etalle_(MH998359)										• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Georgia_2008/2 (MH910496)									*******	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Georgia 2008/1 (MH910495)										
ASFV/POL/2015/Podlaskie_(MH681									*******	
KJ620028.1_Arm07										• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Georgia_2007/1_(FR682468)										• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Irkutsk2017_(KY982843)						·····				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
China/Jilin/2018/boar_(MK18945										

investigated variability among the Vietnamese isolates and between them and genotypes II isolates by looking at the intergenic region between I73R and I329L gene. 100% similarity among Vietnamese isolates, with the insertion of an additional "GGAATATATA" motif.

Antibody dection in infectied pigs

Kit ELISA INgezim PPA COMPAC 11.PPA.K.3



No. Sample	qPCR	ELISA (+)	% ELISA (+)
291	ASF virus (+)	12	4,1%
67	ASF virus (-)	0	0%

qPCR - OIE (King et al 2003)

Antibody dection in healthy pigs

Kit ELISA INgezim PPA COMPAC 11.PPA.K.3

No. Sample	qPCR	ELISA (+)	% ELISA (+)
466	ASF virus (-)	0	0%

Antibody dection in old outbreak)

Place	Sample type	Number	qPCR	ELISA (+)	%
Thái Bình	Serum	124	(-)	24	19,4%
Nam Định	Serum	55	(-)	4	7,3%

Select 2 pigs have strong positive, take saliva to test for ASF virus by qPCR: 1/2 (+) ASF





PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACTIVITIES

Before the first detection of ASF in Vietnam

- On 30 August 2018, Minister of MARD sent Urgent telegraph to request all relevant ministries and provinces to implement all necessary actions for preventing ASF coming to Vietnam
- On 12 September 2018, Prime Minister sent Urgent telegraph to request all relevant ministries and provinces to implement all necessary actions for preventing ASF coming to Vietnam
- On 14 September 2018, Deputy Prime Minister chaired the Video Conference with all relevant ministries and 63 provinces to discuss and request implementation of necessary actions for preventing ASF coming to Vietnam
- On 15 Nov 2018, MARD approved the National Contingency Plan for preventing ASF coming Vietnam
- Compensation (Degree 02): 38.000 VND (1.8 USD) per live kg



Exercises on the detection of ASF and application of control measures in December 2018

After the first detection of ASF in Vietnam

PARTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE

COMMUNIST PARTY OF VIETNAM

*

No. 34-CT/TW

Hanoi, 20 May 2019

DIRECTIVE

BY PARTY SECRETARIAT

Regarding enhancement of leadership and direction for effective prevention, containment and control of African Swine Fever (ASF)

The Party Secretariat requests Party's committees, organizations and authorities from the central to local levels to focus on leading, directing and mobilizing the combined strength of both political system and entire society to well implement some core tasks as follows:

1. Consider ASF's prevention, containment, and control as a central and urgent task with a focus on leading and directing authorities, the Fatherland Front, social unions and organizations, etc. at all levels to implement measures regarding ASF's prevention and control as guided by relevant authorities, ministries and sectors in a swift, drastic and synchronized manner; be determined to put the disease under control in a shortest period of time to ensure the continued socio-economic development sustanability and improvement of people's lives.

2. Lead and direct awarenes-raising for each cadre, party member and people so that everybody can be made aware of the ASF's on-going dangers and serious harms to people's economic activities and lives. The entire Party, people and armed forces should be encouraged to actively participate in the disease's prevention and combat, mitigation of economic losses and protection of social

Member of Party and Government of all level have been involved in controlling ASF



Prime Minister, Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of MARD chaired a national video conference with all ministries and provinces to request for application of all necessary measures to control and stop spreading ASF in Vietnam

LEADING BY PRIME MINISTER



Prime Minister visited and lead control activities at infected areas

LEADING BY DEPUTY PRIME MINISTER



Deputy Prime Minister frequently chair the national video conferences with all provinces for discussion of prevention and control of ASF



Weekly organize the ministerial meeting to update and discuss control measures



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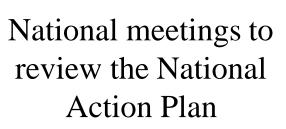
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HỘI THẢO

RÀ SOÁT CÁC GIẢI PHÁP PHÒNG, CHỐNG BỆNH DỊCH TẢ Lợn cụphi phù hợp với thực tiến của việt Nam, khu vực phía bắc

Hà Nội, ngày 09 thàng 3 năm 🗲





BÃO CÃO TÌNH HÌNH, CÔNG TÁC PHÔNG, C BỆNH DỊCH TẢ LƠN CHẦU PI

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SUMMARY OF CURRENT CONTROL MEASURES

1. Timely leading by the highest level of the Government

2. Early detection, culling, disinfection and compensation

- Any sick pigs or suspected pigs are sampled and tested for ASF. If positive, declared immediately infected communes to apply strict control measures
- For small farms and households: Culling all pigs of infected farms; neibouring farms without any suspect pigs are not culled, but they are under closed monitoring until the outbreak is resolved.
- For big farms with many separated pig pens: Culled only all pigs of infected pigpen; pigs in other pigpens can be kept with close monitor or slaughtered for local consumption within infected areas.
- Disinfection is applied to entire the infected and surrounding areas
- Timely compensation according to Degree 02, Decision 793/QĐ-TTg

SUMMARY OF CURRENT CONTROL MEASURES

3. Movement control

- Pigs and pig products are not allowed to move out the infected areas
- Established more animal quarantine stations on the roads from the North to the South for strict movement control of pigs and pigs products

4. Biosecurity application

- All big farms have to apply strict biosecurity measures and frequently cleaning and disinfection of all risk factors
- Re-stock only after the outbreaks are resolved for at least 30 days; and sentinel pigs (about 10% of capacity) are stocked for another 30 days recommended

5. Risk communication and public awareness

6. Information sharing and international collaboration

- Reported to OIE, FAO; work with FAO and OIE (EMC mission)
- Frequently communicate with FAO Vietnam, IAEA/ FAO for sharing information, outbreak investigation, diagnosis and control



Remark



- The ASF outbreak has reduced in recent months
- No new cases of (ASF) reported in 80% communes of 10 provinces over the past 30 days. Hung Yên province preparing for free ASR declaration
- Most of big and industrial farms have been protected
- Breeding farms applied strict biosecurity measures can provide piglets for restock in commercial farms
- Government has plan to replicate biosafety pig raising models
- Established 900 disease-free zones for pig production
- On going research solutions for preventive and control





THANK YOU VERY MUCH