World Organisation for Animal Health

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ICFAW INTERNATIONAL COALITION FOR ANIMAL WELFARE

Orientation Webinar

Sub-regional Workshop on Operationalising Animal Welfare through Inclusive Public–Private Partnerships and Enabling Legal Frameworks in Southeast Asia

PPP Workshop Plan and Expectation



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World Organisation for Animal Health



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Subregional Public-Private Partnership Workshop Plan



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Capacity Building Department, WOAH

Orientation Webinar: Sub-regional Workshop on Operationalising Animal Welfare through Inclusive Public–Private Partnerships and Enabling Legal Frameworks in Southeast Asia, 14 October 2026

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Subregional PPP workshop

1. Who are the public and private stakeholders?

2. What are the differences and arrangements of the Veterinary Authority, Veterinary Services, and Veterinary Domain?

3. What are the PVS Insights: Animal Welfare and Private Sector Engagement??

Next 9 minutes ….
Let’s learn about these fundamentals and
Details of this entire initiative

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1. Who are the public and private stakeholders?

PUBLIC SECTOR

the part of an economy that is under the administrative control of the State Government.

PRIVATE SECTOR

the part of the national economy that is not under direct state control.

Diversity of Private Partners



Private Animal Health services providers Veterinary Professionals, Paraprofessional, community animal health workers



Farmers, Communities producer association, livestock entrepreneurs and industries, NGOs and civil society organisations



Livestock Traders, slaughterhouses, Processors for Value added livestock products



Manufacturers, Importers and Distributors of veterinary inputs, livestock and livestock products, importer/ exporter of value-added livestock products



Private Veterinary Education and training institutes



Private laboratories, R&D in Technical, Socioeconomic

2. What are the differences and arrangements of the Veterinary Authority, Veterinary Services, and Veterinary Domain?

Public and Private Stakeholders

Veterinary Authority, Veterinary Services and Veterinary Domain

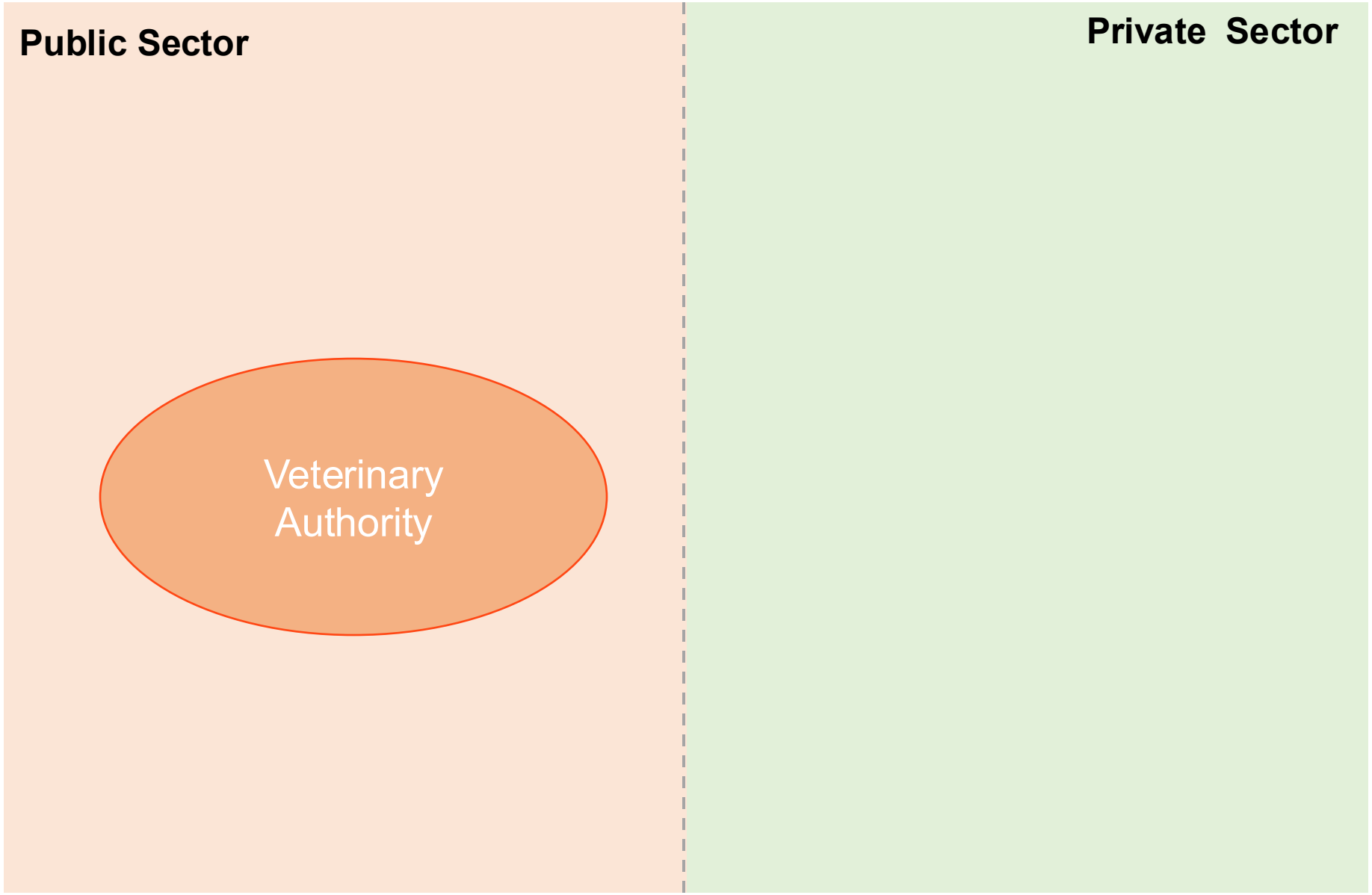
Public Sector

Private Sector

VETERINARY AUTHORITY

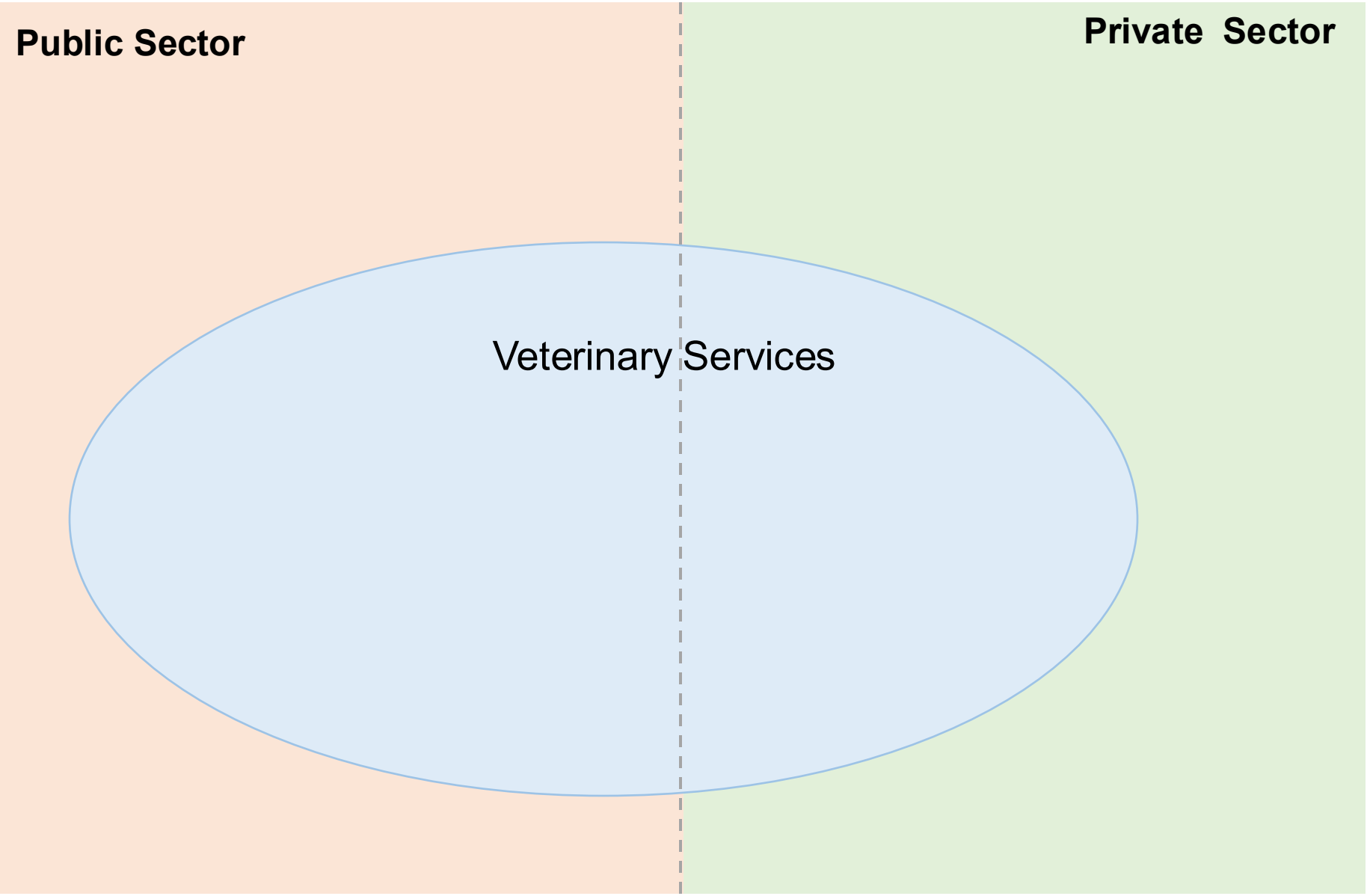
The ***Governmental Authority*** of a Member Country, comprising veterinarians, other professionals and paraprofessionals, having the responsibility and competence for ensuring or supervising the *implementation of animal health and welfare measures, international veterinary certification and other standards and recommendations in the Terrestrial Code in the whole territory*

Source: The glossary of the WOAH Terrestrial Animal Health Code



VETERINARY SERVICES

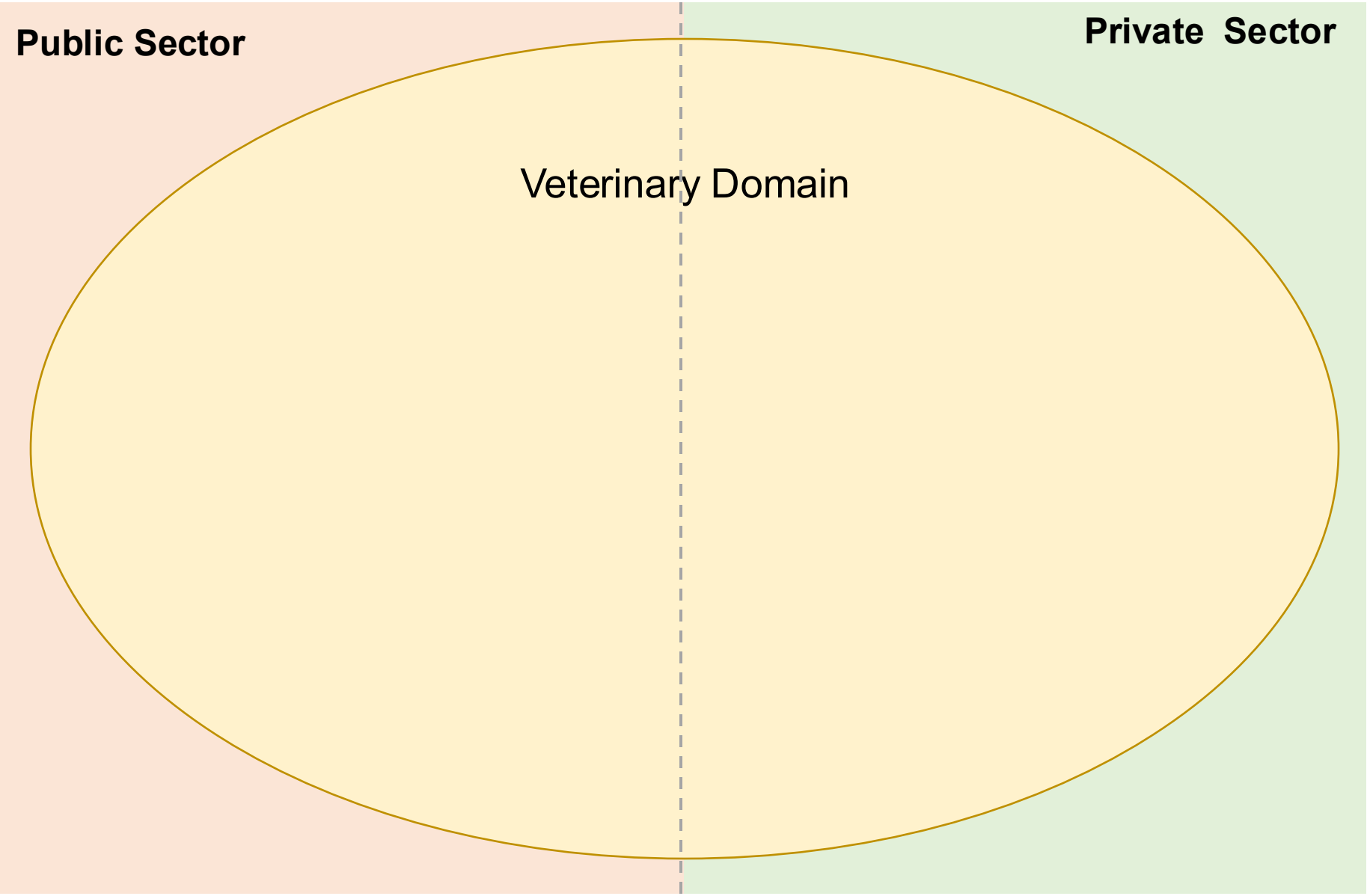
The ***governmental and non-governmental organisations*** that implement *animal health and welfare measures* and other standards and recommendations in the WOAH Terrestrial Animal Health Code and the WOAH Aquatic Animal Health Code in the territory



Source: The glossary of the WOAH Terrestrial Animal Health Code

VETERINARY DOMAIN

All activities that are *directly* or *indirectly* related to terrestrial and aquatic animals, *their products and by-products*, which help to protect, maintain and improve the health and wellbeing of *people*, including by means of the protection of *animal health and animal welfare, and food safety*

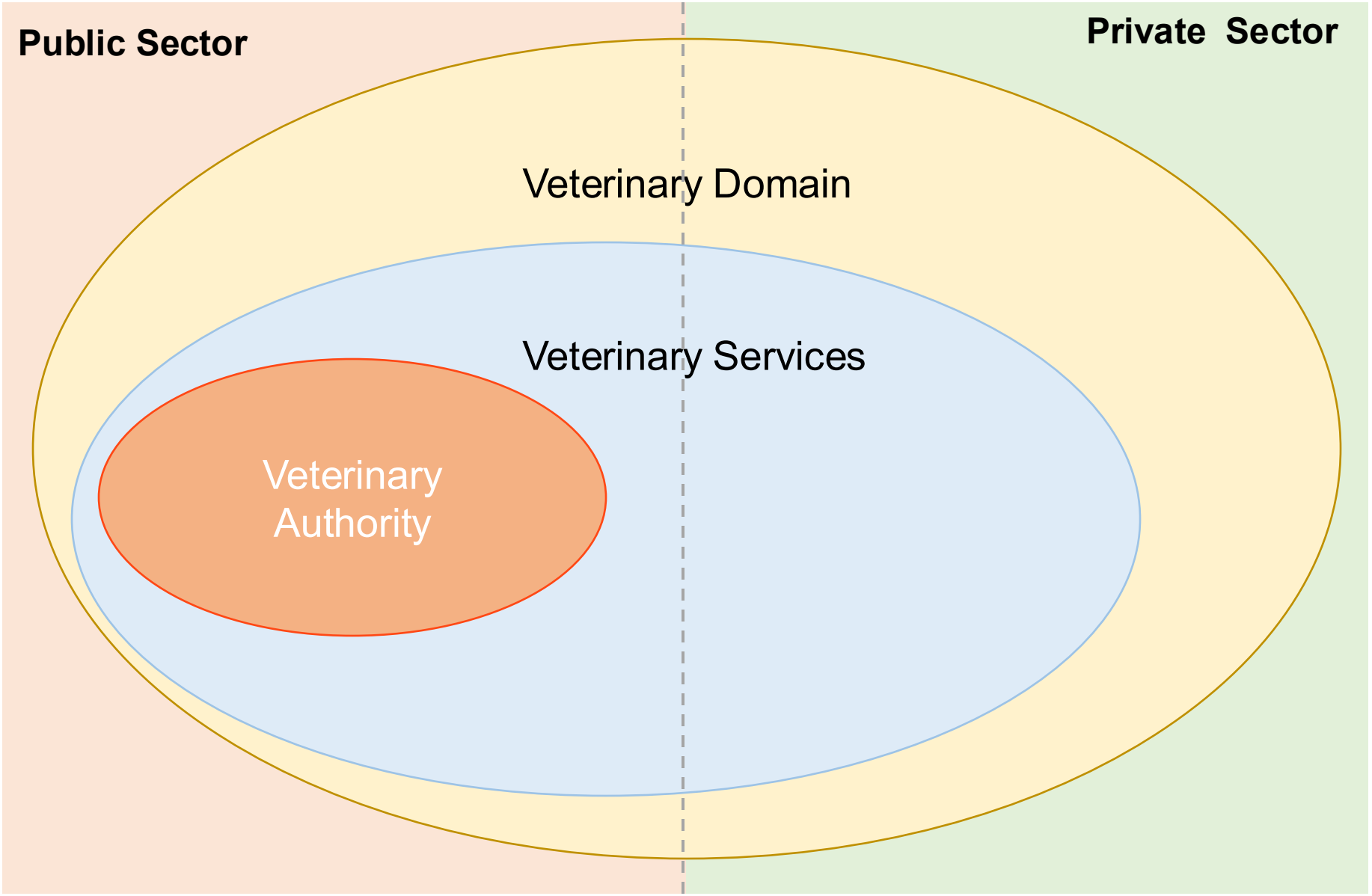


Source: Article 3.4.2 of the WOAH Terrestrial Animal Health Code on veterinary legislation

Public and Private Stakeholders

And

Veterinary Authority
Veterinary Services
Veterinary Domain



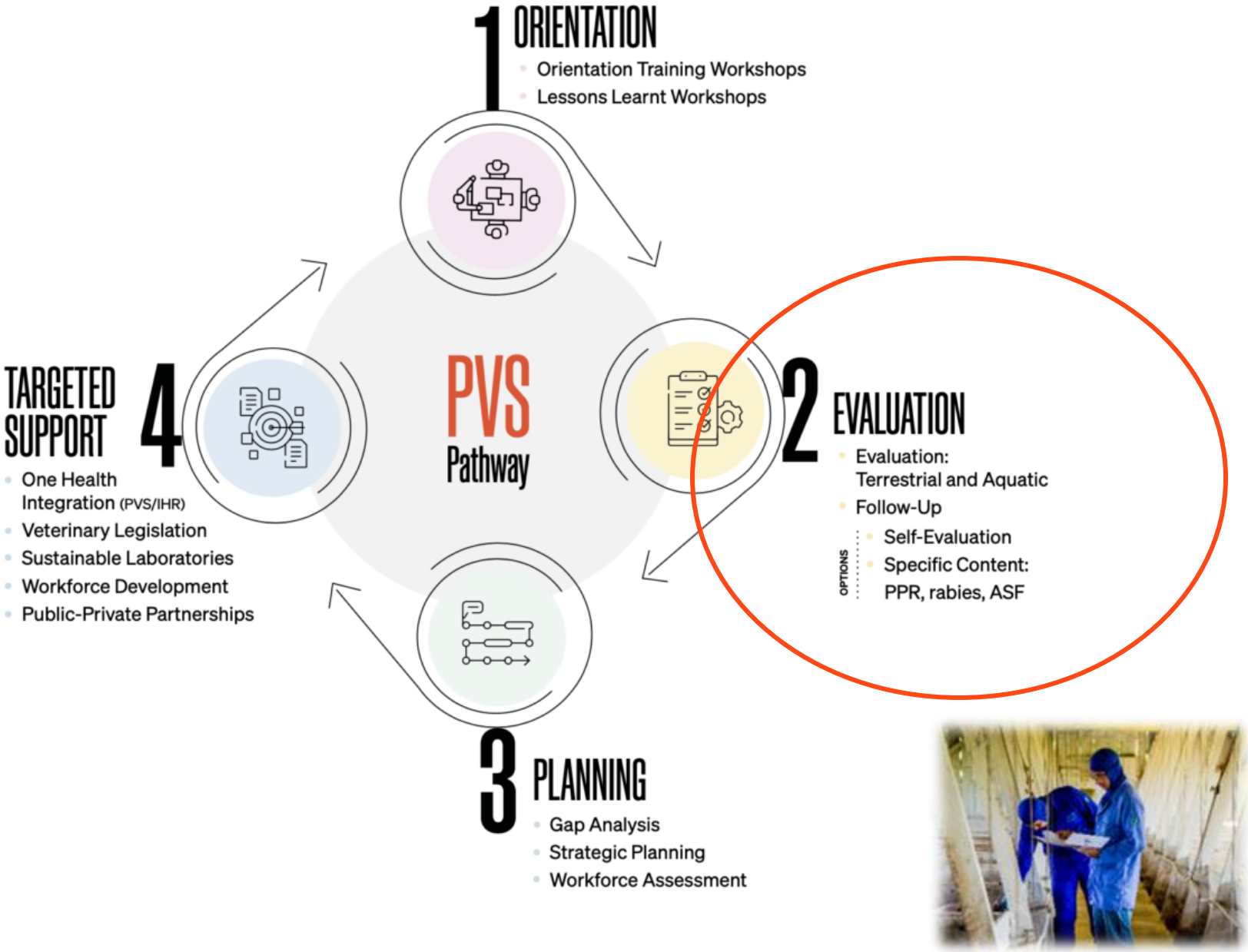
3. What are the PVS Insights: Animal Welfare and Private Sector Engagement?

All four Members have gone through PVS Evaluation and Follow-Up and Targeted Support as well

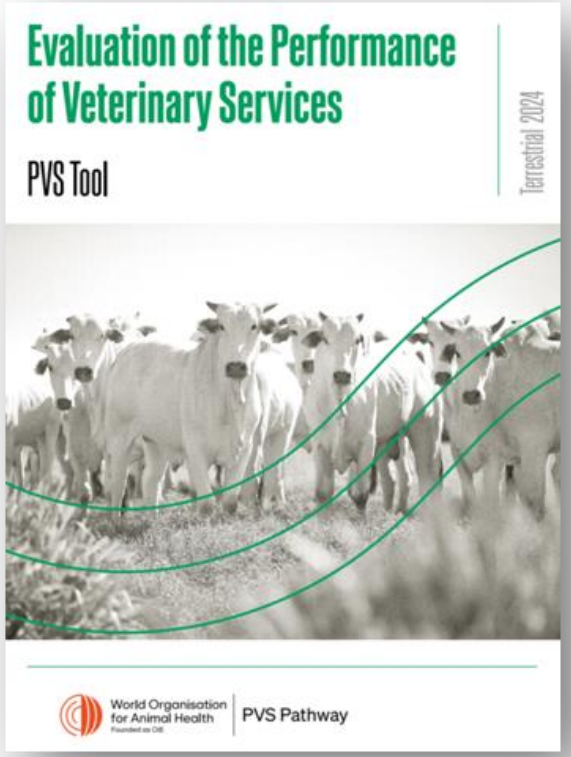
- Vietnam
- Thailand
- Cambodia

Performance of Veterinary Services (PVS) Pathway

- Comprehensive, multi-staged process for sustainable planning and improvement of Veterinary Services' (VS) capacities
- Supports greater compliance with WOAH International Standards for animal health and welfare
- Each step corresponds to specific capacity-building activities
- Voluntary, country driven process targeting internal systems and resources for sustainability
- Strong uptake – 146 countries, more than 600 reports



PVS Methodology



Chapter I	Human, physical and financial resources
I-1	PROFESSIONAL AND TECHNICAL STAFFING OF THE VETERINARY SERVICES
I-2	COMPETENCY AND EDUCATION OF VETERINARIANS AND VETERINARY PARAPROFESSIONALS
I-3	CONTINUING EDUCATION
I-4	TECHNICAL INDEPENDENCE
I-5	PLANNING, SUSTAINABILITY AND MANAGEMENT OF POLICIES AND PROGRAMMES
I-6	COORDINATION CAPABILITY OF THE VETERINARY SERVICES
I-7	PHYSICAL RESOURCES AND CAPITAL INVESTMENT
I-8	OPERATIONAL FUNDING
I-9	EMERGENCY FUNDING

Chapter II	Technical authorit
II-1	VETERINARY LABORATOR
II-2	RISK ANALYSIS AND EPIDE
II-3	QUARANTINE AND BORDE
II-4	SURVEILLANCE AND EARL
II-5	EMERGENCY PREPAREDN
II-6	DISEASE PREVENTION, CO
II-7	ANIMAL PRODUCTION FO
II-8	VETERINARY MEDICINES A
II-9	ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTAN
II-10	RESIDUE TESTING, MONIT
II-11	ANIMAL FEED SAFETY
II-12	IDENTIFICATION, TRACEA
II-13	ANIMAL WELFARE

Chapter III	Interaction with stakeholders
III-1	COMMUNICATION
III-2	CONSULTATION WITH STAKEHOLDERS
III-3	OFFICIAL REPRESENTATION AND INTERNATIONAL COLLABORATION
III-4	ACCREDITATION/AUTHORISATION/DELEGATION
III-5	REGULATION OF THE PROFESSION BY THE VETERINARY STATUTORY BODY
III-6	PARTICIPATION OF PRODUCERS AND OTHER STAKEHOLDERS IN JOINT PROGRAMMES
III-7	VETERINARY CLINICAL SERVICES

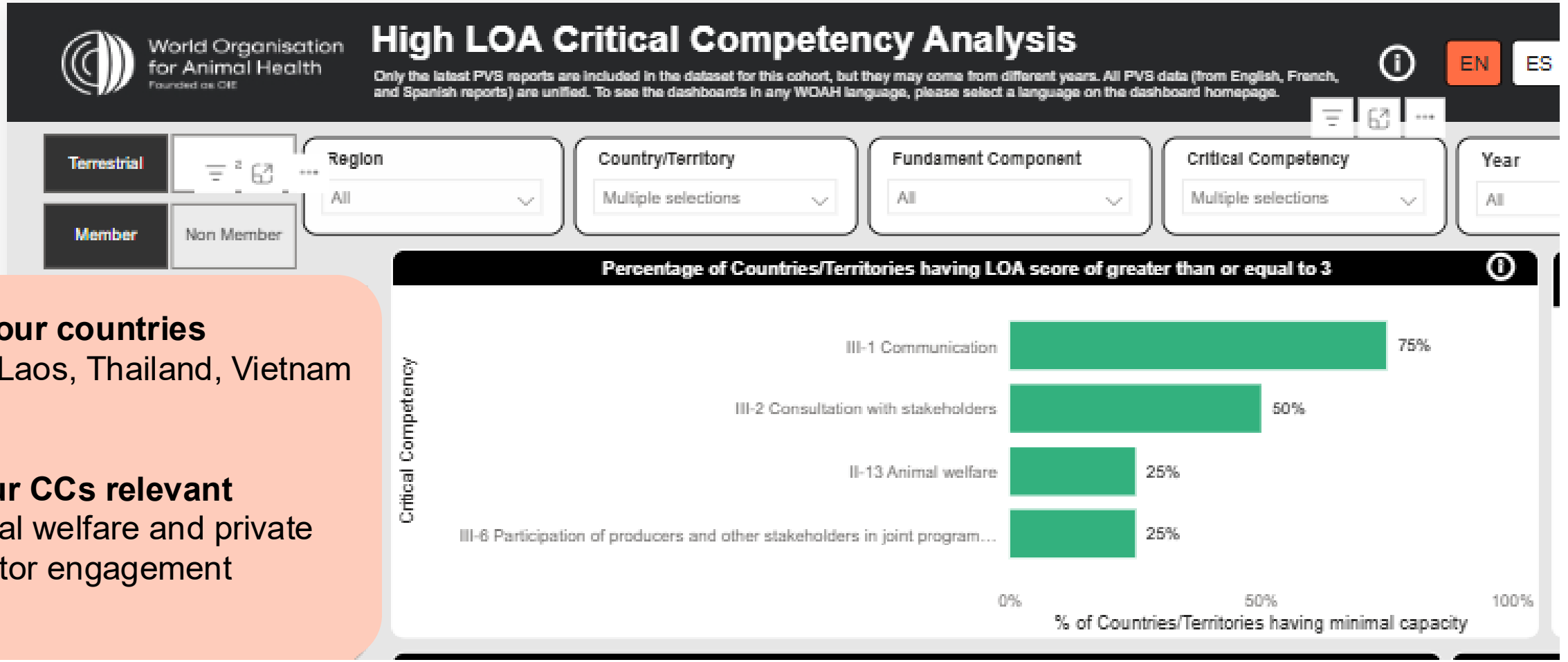
Chapter IV	Access to markets
IV-1	VETERINARY LEGISLATION
IV-2	INTERNATIONAL HARMONISATION
IV-3	INTERNATIONAL CERTIFICATION
IV-4	EQUIVALENCE AND OTHER TYPES OF SANITARY AGREEMENTS
IV-5	TRANSPARENCY
IV-6	ZONING
IV-7	COMPARTMENTALISATION

The **45** Critical Competencies

- ***5 levels of advancement for each Critical Competency***
- ***Progressive: a higher level assumes compliance with all preceding levels***
- ***Increasing capacity to comply with WOAH international standards***

3. What are the PVS Insights: Animal Welfare and Pri

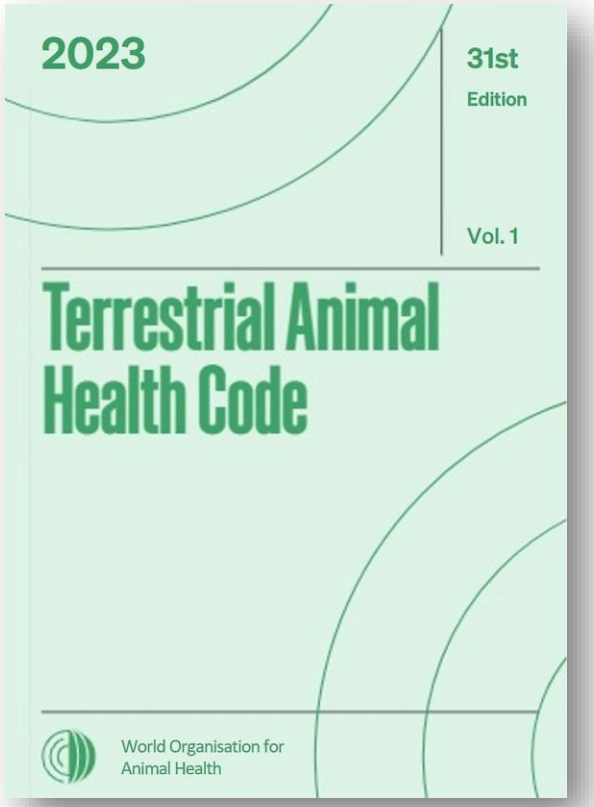
Customisable Cohort Analysis : PVS Achievement



Four countries
Cambodia, Laos, Thailand, Vietnam

Four CCs relevant
For animal welfare and private sector engagement

Public-private partnership in the Veterinary Domain



Article 3.2.6.

Competent Authorities should, where applicable, have the authority and capability to develop or engage **in public private partnerships** to deliver animal health, *animal welfare* or veterinary public health outcomes.

That is:

- to accredit, authorise or delegate to the private sector;
- to develop or participate in collaborative joint programmes with producers or other stakeholders.

*Public-private partnership is a **joint** approach in which the public and private sectors agree **responsibilities** and share **resources** and **risks** to achieve common **objectives** that deliver **benefits** in a **sustainable** manner.*

World Organisation for Animal Health

Public-Private Partnerships: Capacity building activities

Global level

WOAH PPP Database: Open-access and collaborative www.woah-ppp-database.com





Regional Level

Regional workshops: Sharing best practices and capacity building on PPP project development and efficient management



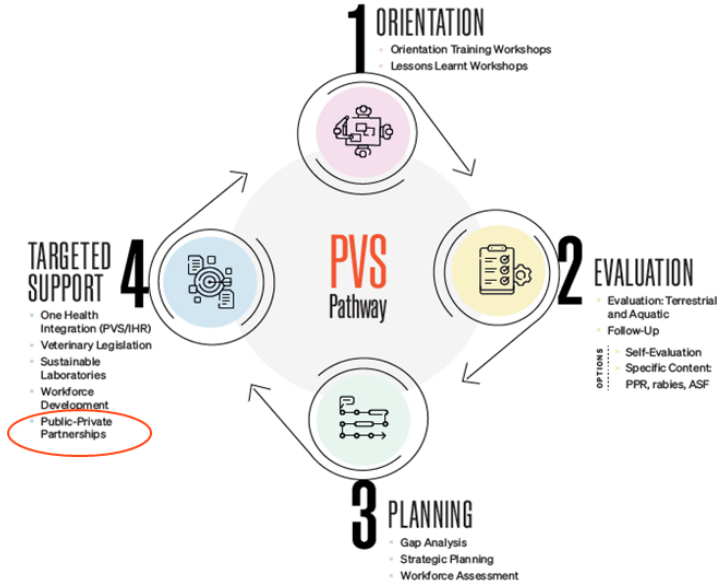
Bangkok, Thailand (South-East Asia)



Kathmandu, Nepal (South Asia)

National Level

PPP Targeted Support in the PVS Pathway

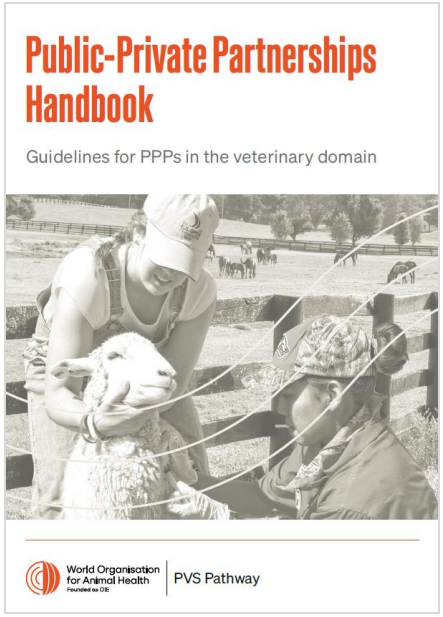


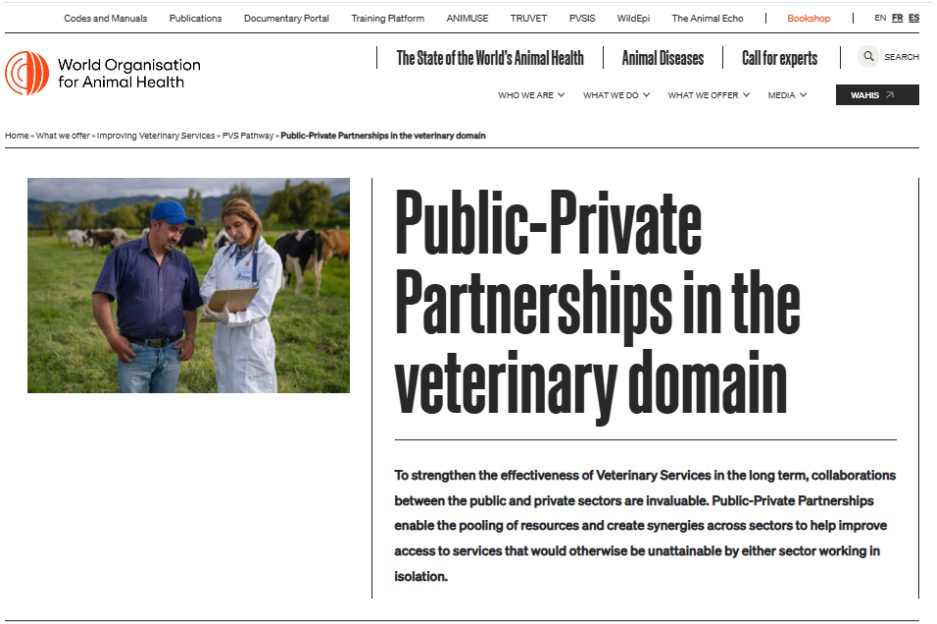
PPP Targeted Support implemented in Sri Lanka, Tanzania and Ethiopia

How to get PPP Targeted Support

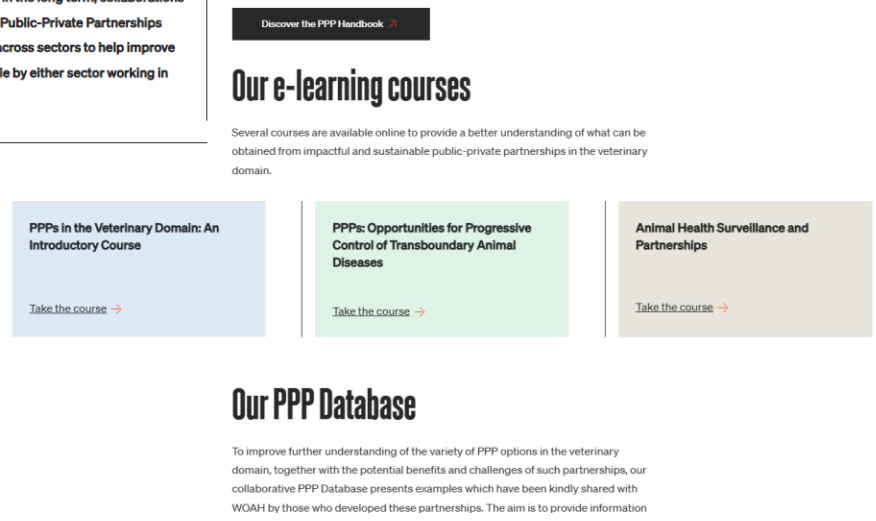
Any WOAH Member who has benefitted from a PVS Evaluation, Follow-up, or Gap Analysis mission in the last five years can request PPP TS based on the report's recommendations on the specific competencies.

All information is available on the WOAH webpage on PPP





WOAH PPP Webpage (just type WOAH + PPP in your internet browser, and you will land on this page)



https://www.woah.org/fileadmin/publicprivatepartnerships/ppp/EN/Handbook_EN.html

Effective and efficient private sector engagement to strengthen Veterinary Services

Resolution number 39, adopted during the 85th WOAH General Session in May 2017

RESOLUTION No. 39

Public-Private Partnerships: expectations of private sector partners for international animal health and livestock sector development programmes and the implications for the OIE

CONSIDERING

1. The critical role the animal health and livestock sectors play in contributing to the achievement of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs),
2. That the engagement of private sector entities, including corporations, small and medium enterprises (SMEs), private foundations and philanthropists, can accelerate progress towards the accomplishment of the SDGs,
3. That Public-Private Partnerships (PPPs) provide an optimal mix of the unique strengths of both the public and private sectors and can often accomplish much more than the most determined effort by any one operating alone,
4. That PPPs are a recognised mechanism for sourcing and engaging complementary resources, expertise and capabilities and offer substantial opportunities in meeting the SDGs as well as other national specific priorities,
5. That the private sector is keen to complement the efforts of national Veterinary Authorities, provided that there is a clear delegation of responsibilities, transparent governance, functional regulatory framework, consistent application of rules, regular review and clear exit arrangements,
6. That private sector partners require clear objectives and measureable impacts be defined prior to engaging in PPPs and although these may differ from the public sector, the results of the PPP will be of mutual benefit and create a win-win situation,

2026

GS RESOLUTION No. 35

#WOAHGS

Investing in Animal Health to Secure Everyone's Future

2025

GS RESOLUTION No. 29

#WOAHGS

Veterinary Vaccines and Vaccination. From science to action – reflections for change

Not starting from zero…..



OCTOBER 29, 2025 - NOVEMBER 05, 2025 DA NANG, VIETNAM

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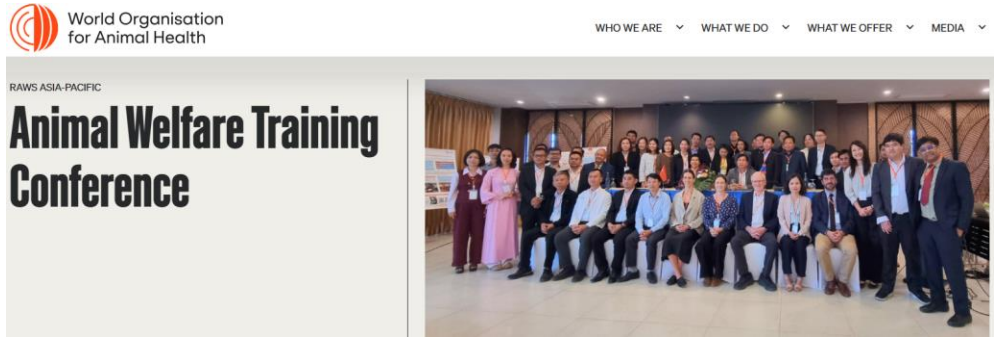
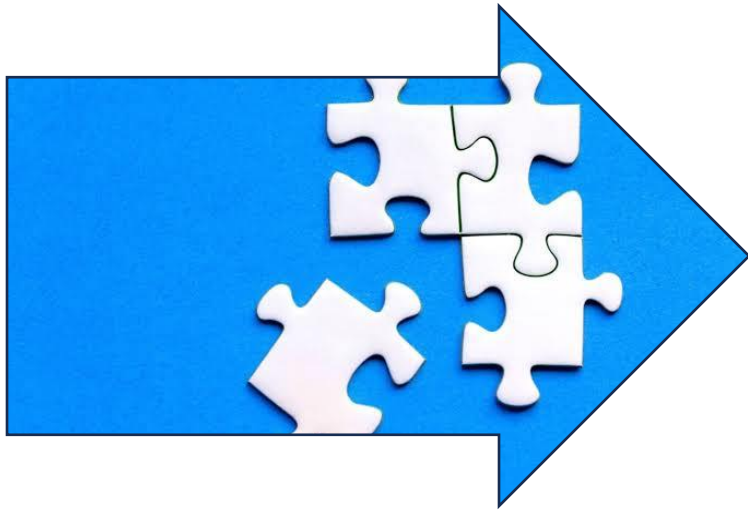


FEBRUARY 25, 2026 - FEBRUARY 26, 2026 VANG VIENG, LAO PDR

Today's Orientation webinar
14 October 2026



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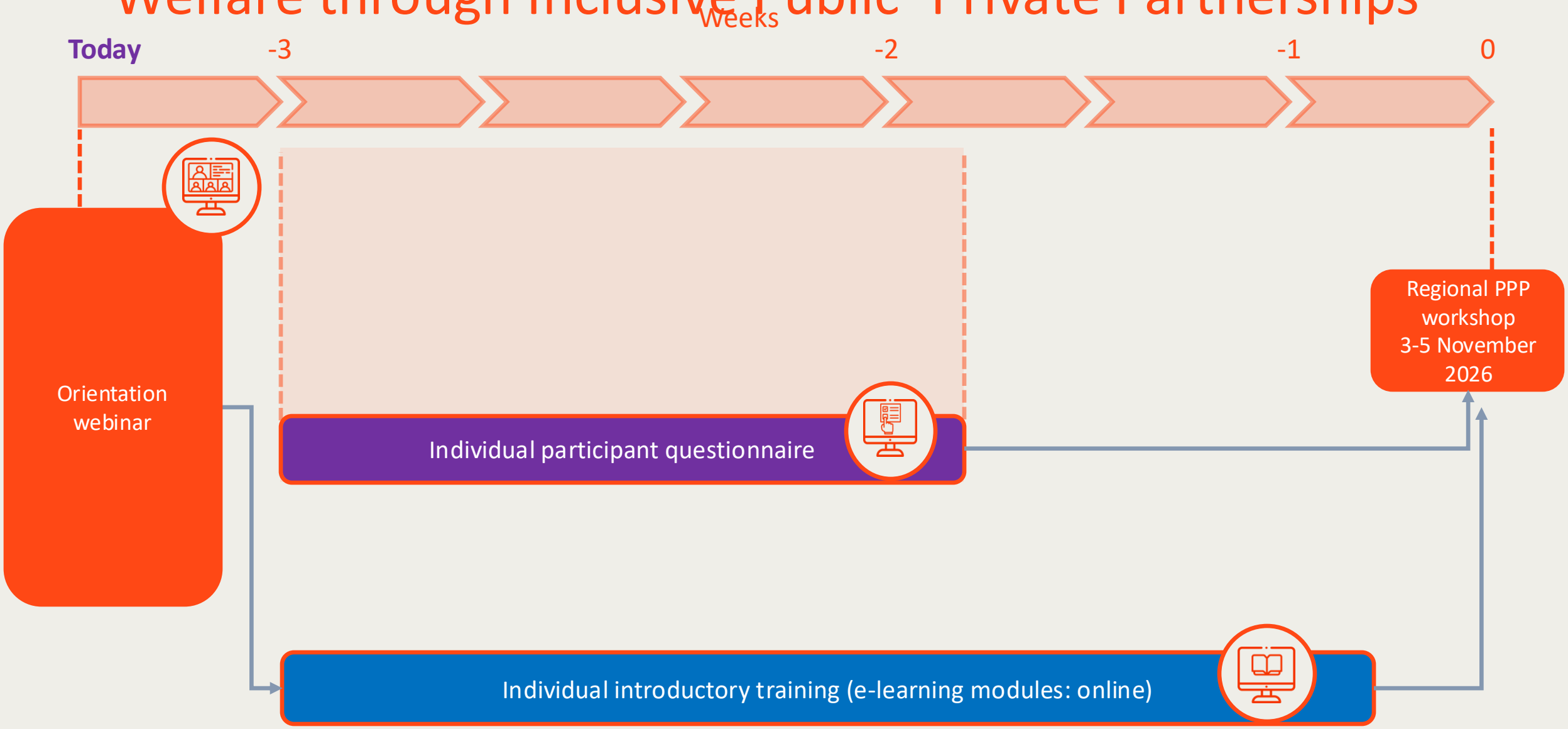
Sub-regional workshop
3-5 November 2026

Subregional workshop on Operationalising Animal Welfare through Inclusive Public–Private Partnerships



Please scan the QR code or click the link to share your insights about PPP and enabling environment!

With in a week

Questionnaire: Operationalising Animal Welfare through Inclusive PPP





Please explore WOAH eLearning Platform and complete two basic courses on PPP (in next three weeks)





Public-Private Partnerships in the Veterinary Domain: An Introductory Module

Duration: 1 hour
Enrollment method: self-enrolment

Course language : EN



Welfare of animals during slaughter

This module provides learners with the competencies necessary to implement Chapter 7.5 of the WOAH Terrestrial Animal Health Code (TAHC), on the welfare of animals during slaughter. The module describes legislation, regulation, stakeholder coordination, audit and control processes needed to ensure the implementation of effective welfare measures.

Duration: 6 hours
Enrollment method: self-enrolment
Level: Day 2

Overview of the workshop

Day 1

- Review of regional capacity-building **outcomes** (2024–2025)
- Country presentations on **implementation** status
- Stakeholder **mapping** across the full veterinary ecosystem
- Facilitated dialogue on **challenges**, including NGO and private sector perspectives

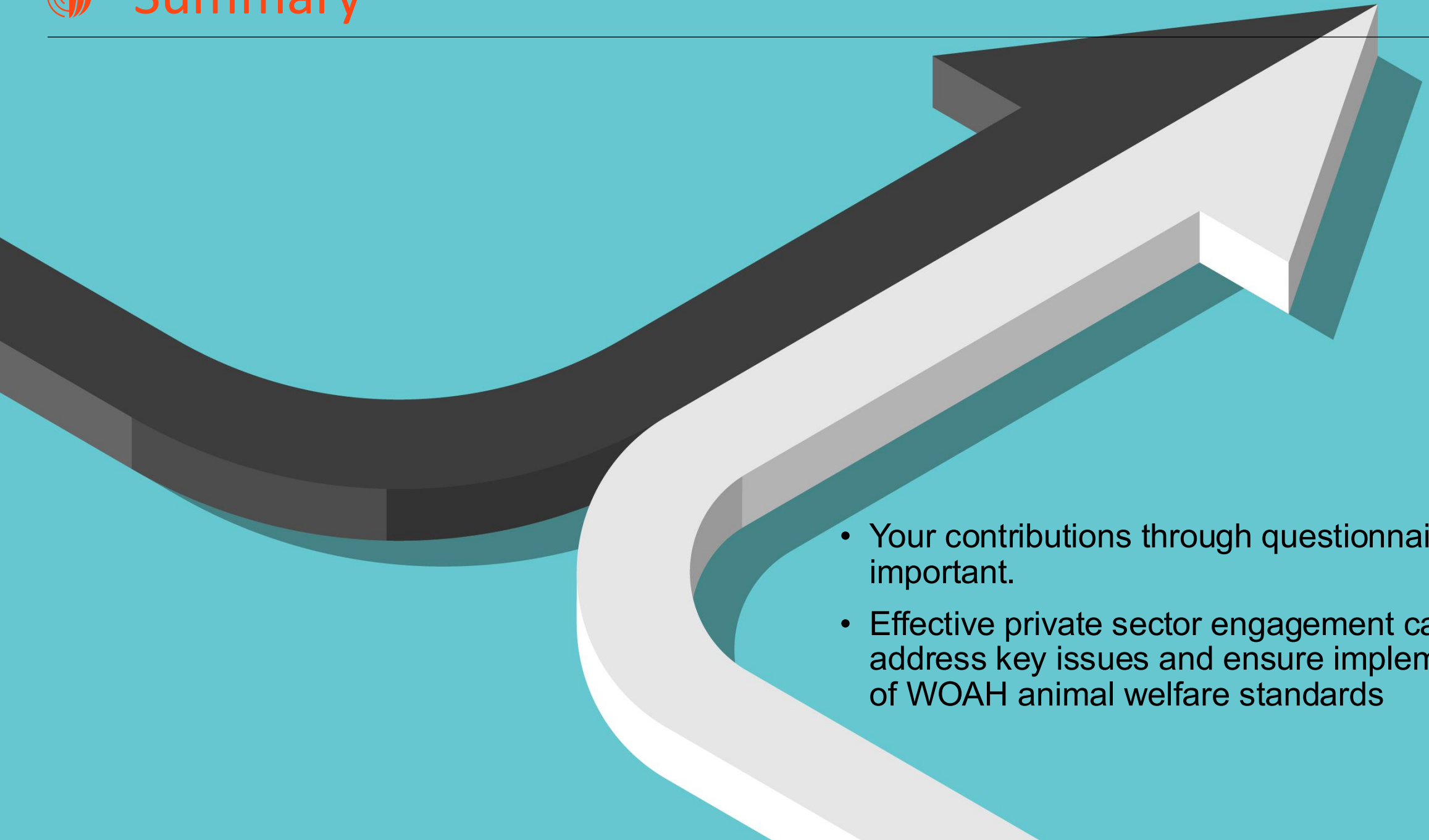
Day 2

- Session on enabling legal **environments** and veterinary legislation
- Identification of legal and institutional gaps affecting PPPs
- Introduction to WOAH PPP **principles** and investment mechanisms
- Thematic working groups on **PPP design**

Day 3

- Presentation and **refinement** of **PPP business cases**
- Development of country-specific implementation **roadmaps**
- Session on monitoring, reporting and welfare indicators
- Closing session and commitments from the participants

Summary



- Your contributions through questionnaire are important.
- Effective private sector engagement can address key issues and ensure implementation of WOAH animal welfare standards