



Global Partnership Programme for Transboundary Animal Diseases (GPP-TAD)

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- 80 years of FAO leadership in tackling transboundary animal diseases since establishing its first division of animal production and health and first livestock programme in 1946
- 15 years of a world free from rinderpest (2011)

*"A legacy to celebrate.
A future to protect."*



- Over 30 years since the establishment of EMPRES—strengthening global preparedness against animal disease threats.
- Over 20 years of ECTAD—working side by side with countries on the ground to build stronger capacities for early warning, surveillance, prevention and rapid response.

"From global intelligence to action on the ground—protecting animal health, livelihoods and food security."



The cost of prevention is far lower than the cost of inaction

FAO promotes an approach that prioritizes prevention as a cost-effective measure to manage transboundary animal diseases

“GPP-TAD has been initiated”

The journey



14 July: the first co-creation workshop



Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations



Global Partnership Programme for Transboundary Animal Diseases (GPP-TAD):
Design workshop with Member States | 14 July 2026, at FAO Headquarters, Rome

- Focus: Governance and Finance
- Two hybrid sessions to accommodate participation from all regions
- 165 participants
- 49 countries represented



GOVERNANCE

GOVERNANCE



COUNTRY
OWNERSHIP



GPP-TAD GOVERNANCE MODEL



PARTNERSHIPS



Alignment with Member priorities and relevant international frameworks

✓ GOVERNANCE AT DIFFERENT LEVELS

Ensuring strategic guidance, inclusive participation and effective programme oversight



NATIONAL LEVEL

NPPs led by
Ministry in charge of Livestock
and relevant national authorities



REGIONAL LEVEL

Retained by Regional Intergovernmental
Organizations. GPP-TAD coordinates
and articulates the service offer of Regional Hubs



GLOBAL LEVEL

Global Coordination Mechanism
in coordination with GF-TADs,
QPT, GLEWs+ and Reg Intergov Organizations



COHERENCE AND COORDINATION WITH EXISTING FRAMEWORKS

GPP-TAD works in close coordination with existing technical and coordination mechanism

GOVERNANCE

GPP-TAD STEERING COMMITTEE

Strategic and advisory body at the global level



Elected Member States:

- Regional rotation (2 years)
- 2 seats per Region

Resource -Contributing Member States:

- membership during contribution period

Development Partners and IFIs:

- Contributing with resources
- May participate
- Have no voting
- Define participation in accordance to FAO principles

Steering Committee self-funded participation.

Meets 2 time a year.

Decision by consensus

Technical reporting to the COAG

Sub-Committee on Livestock.

Reports submitted to Director General

Office to be submitted - > to the Council

Functions:

- Strategic Guidance
- Resource Alignment and Leverage
- Results Oversight
- Partnership and Coordination Support
- Advisory Role on Emergencies
- Advice FAO for overall programme direction

GOVERNANCE

TECHNICAL ADVISORY GROUP



- Science- and evidence-based technical advice on emerging challenges and opportunities.
- Independent experts, multiple disciplines
- Informs Steering Committee decisions

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PREPAREDNESS AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE



Steering Committee guides resource allocation when TAD risks are heightened.

FAO – SECRETARIAT AND OPERATIONALIZATION

Appointed and provided by the Animal Production and Health Division (NSA)



FAO shall retain full responsibility for:

- Programme operationalization and technical support;
- Global normative policy and technical guidance functions;
- Financial management, fiduciary oversight and accountability.

Secretariat's functions in support to the Steering Committee:

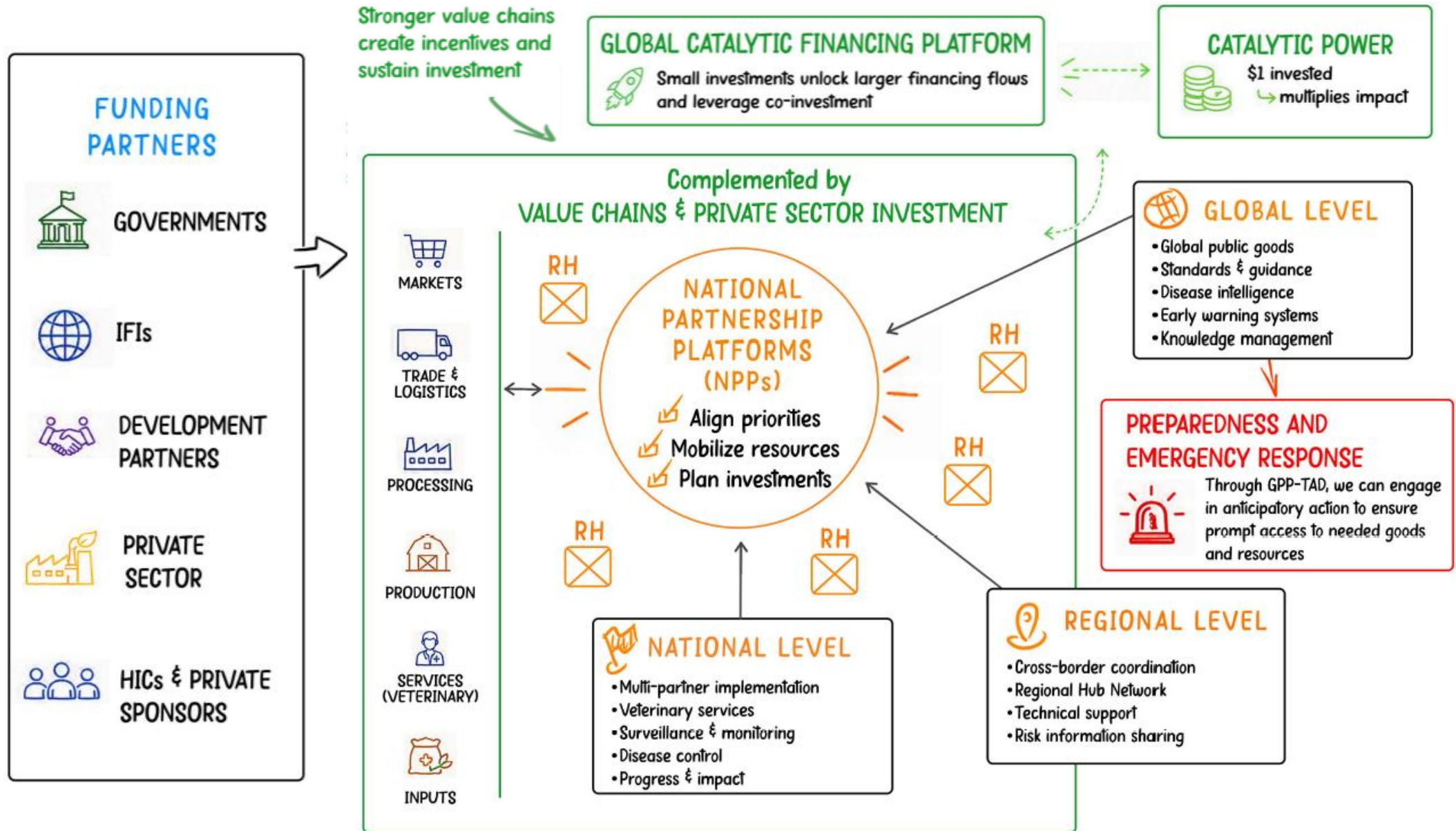
- Convening meetings
- Preparing documentation
- Reporting to the Council

FINANCING

FINANCING



FINANCING



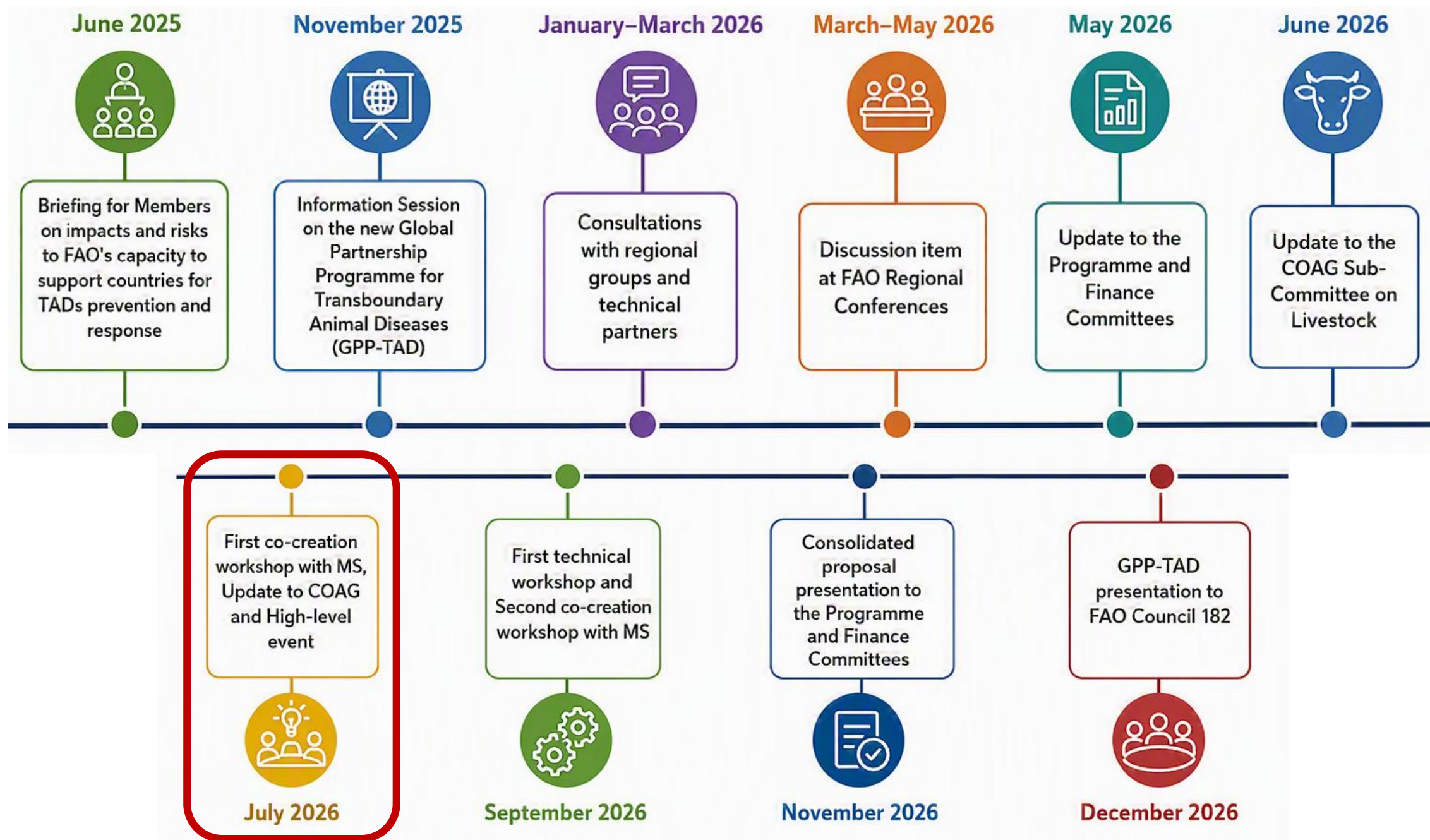
KEY MESSAGES FROM CO-CREATION WORKSHOP

Key messages emerging from the consultations (1/2)

- Member States broadly support the development of GPP-TAD and the continued co-creation process.
- Country ownership should remain the foundational principle of both governance and financing arrangements. The role and influence of resource partners require careful consideration.
- GPP-TAD should build on and complement existing mechanisms, particularly GF-TADs and relevant regional platforms.
- Practical operational scenarios, financing examples and case studies are needed to demonstrate how the proposed model would function in practice. This will be considered for the workshop on operationalization.

Key messages emerging from the consultations (2/2)

- A consolidated programme document would facilitate Member State engagement and review.
- The programme should support not only emergency response but also prevention, preparedness, surveillance, biosecurity, laboratory capacity and other long-term public goods.
- Concrete governance operating procedures and clearer articulation of how core Regular Programme funding complements voluntary and earmarked contributions were requested.





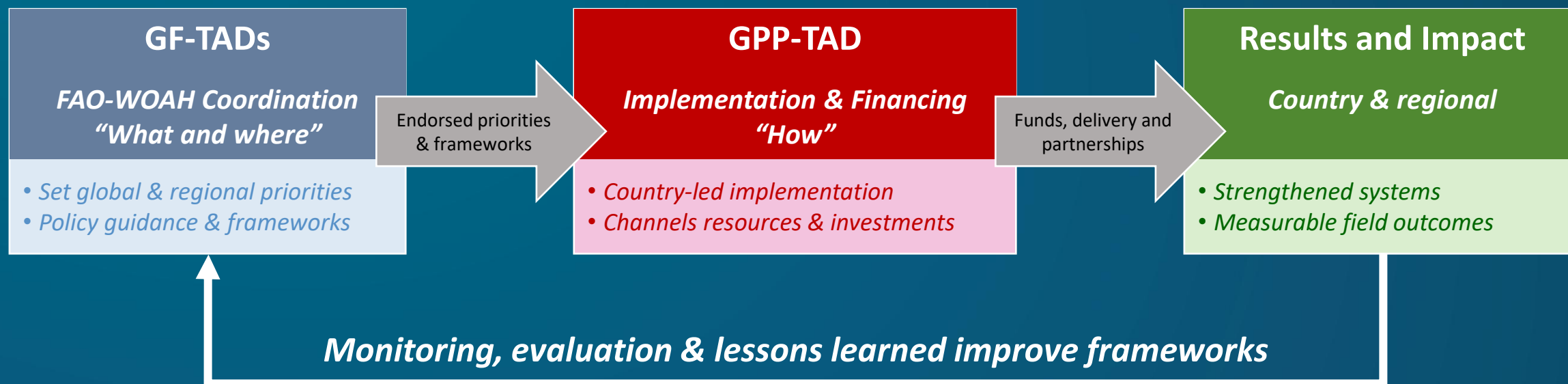
Thank you



Q: What are the linkages of GPP-TAD and GFTADs? How to avoid duplication?

GPP-TAD and GF-TADs

Complementarity rather than overlapping



GF-TADs = FAO-WOAH coordination & frameworks

VS

GPP-TAD = operationalization & delivery

Q: How can countries contribute to the GPP-TAD? Can it be done through the core budget?

How partners support GPP-TAD

Global goods and disease intelligence funding

Funding to support the global animal disease information system and frameworks

Global response funding

Funding for fragile states, emergency and rapid response



National-level funding

Support to country programmes and national animal health systems

Geographic funding

Contributions directed to specific regions or country groups

Regional-level funding

Support to regional hubs, coordination, networks and cross-border action

Thematic funding windows

Contributions focused on specific technical areas or priority diseases