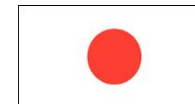


Member's update on **One Health activities (AMR)** **[Republic of Korea]**

Bo-Youn Moon, M.S., Ph.D.

Animal and Plant Quarantine Agency,
Ministry of Agriculture Food and Rural Affairs



Antimicrobial Use (AMU) and Antimicrobial Resistance (AMR)

1. Current situation

- Antimicrobial resistance crisis in Global level

2. National Action Plan

- Goals and Activities in terrestrial animals
- Surveillance AMR / AMU in terrestrial animals

3. Prudent antimicrobial use

- Development of models and prescription guidelines
- Awareness activities

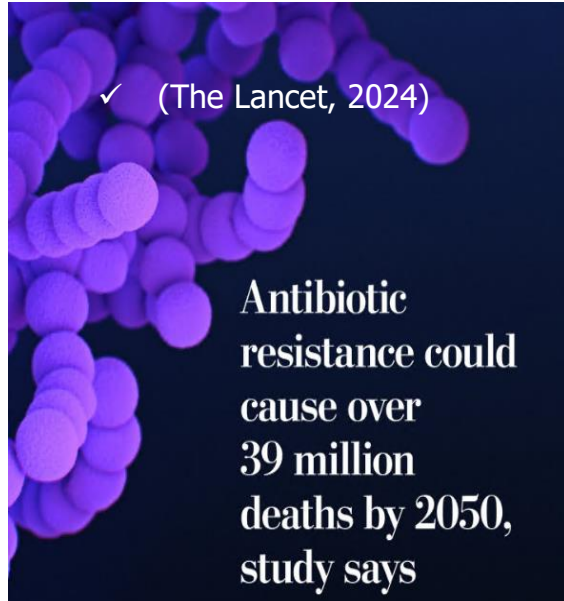
4. Multisectoral and International cooperation

◆ Antimicrobial Use Resistance Crisis

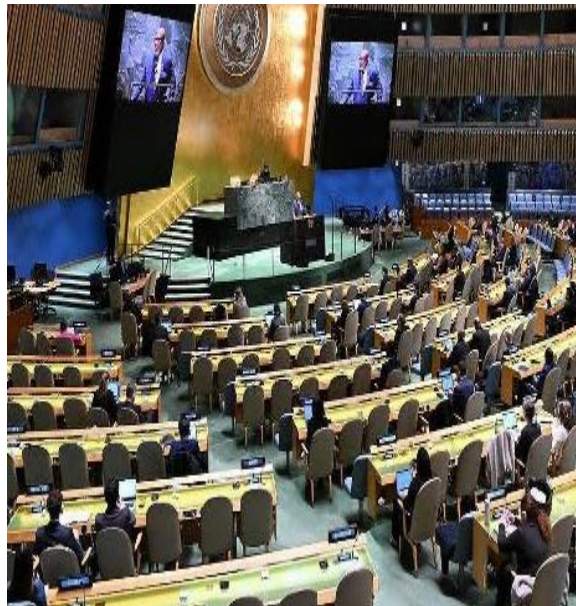
Humans

The Washington Post

UN General Assembly High-Level Meeting on antimicrobial resistance 2024



(September, 2024)



(September, 2024)

- ✓ 39 million death due to AMR from now to 2050
- ✓ General Assembly adopted Political Declaration on AMR

Livestock

Forecasting the Fallout from AMR: Economic Impacts of Antimicrobial Resistance in Food-Producing Animals

FIGURE 2 Predicted global production quantities (tons, millions) under reference scenario by modelled livestock sector (2025 and 2050)

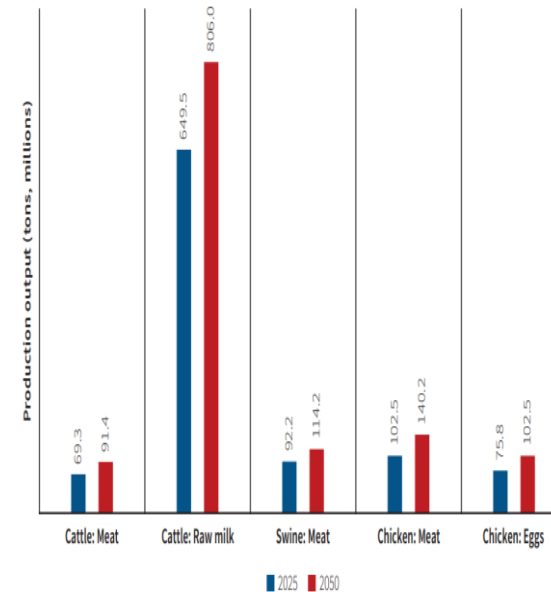


TABLE 3 Predicted antimicrobial consumption (tons) for reference scenario by region (2025–2050)

Year	East Asia & Pacific	Europe & Central Asia	Latin America & Caribbean	Middle East & North Africa	North America	South Asia	Sub-Saharan Africa	World
2025	28,492	6,632	11,918	1,556	8,739	2,486	1,247	61,070
2030	29,041	6,778	12,406	1,624	8,893	2,548	1,419	62,708
2035	29,600	6,926	12,914	1,695	9,060	2,613	1,618	64,427
2040	30,171	7,078	13,444	1,770	9,241	2,681	1,848	66,233
2045	30,754	7,233	13,995	1,848	9,438	2,751	2,115	68,135
2050	31,348	7,392	14,569	1,931	9,651	2,825	2,425	70,141

Note: entries are reported in tons and represent absolute changes in AMU by year and region based on livestock production disease (LPD) model simulations for the reference scenario.

(WOAH and World Bank, 2024)

- ✓ Global production of livestock : **24 ~ 37%** (2025 vs 2050)
- ✓ Antimicrobial consumption : **11%** (2025 vs 2050)

National Action Plan

◆ Establishing the NAP on AMR in ROK

2015

WHO adopted “Global Action Plan on Antimicrobial Resistance”(68th WHA)
→ urging all WHO Member States to establish NAP on AMR within 2 years

2016

「The 1st NAP on AMR」 was established in ROK in collaboration with 7 ministries*.
* KDCA, MOHW, MFDS, MAFRA, MOF, and ME

2021

The 2nd NAP on AMR (2021~2025) was established.

◆ Focus area of 1st and 2nd NAP

1st NAP (2016-2020) Six major fields

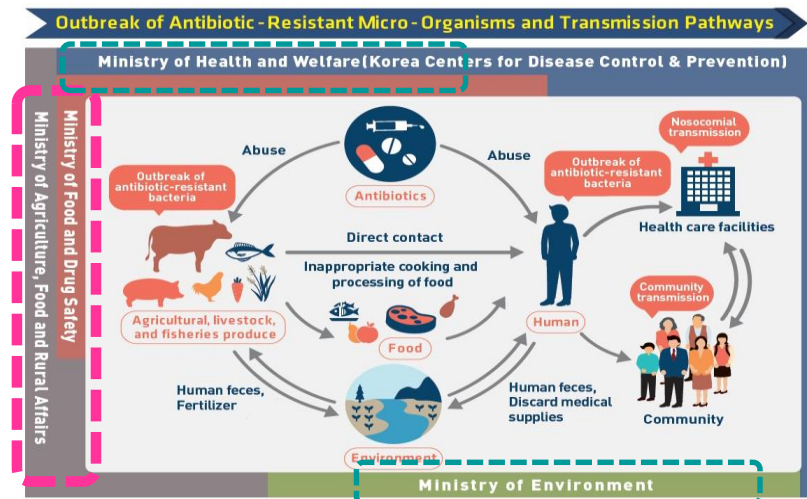
- ① Using antimicrobials appropriately
- ② Preventing the spread of AMR bacteria
- ③ Strengthening surveillance system
- ④ Raising awareness of AMR
- ⑤ Enhancing infrastructure and R&D
- ⑥ Activating international cooperation

2nd NAP (2021-2025) Five major fields

- ① Using antimicrobial appropriately
- ② Preventing the spread of AMR bacteria
- ③ Strengthening surveillance system
- ④ Advanced R&D for AMR
- ⑤ Activating international cooperation

National Action Plan on Antimicrobial Resistance (2016~2020)

August 2016



National Action Plan on Antimicrobial Resistance (2021~2025)

November 2021

◆ Vision and Goals of 2nd NAP

■ Vision

- Manage AMR in people, animal, and environment to keep people safe and healthy

■ Goals

- Reduce AMR bacteria by using appropriate usage and types of antimicrobial where necessary
- Curb the spread of AMR bacteria by reducing surveillance system and implementing IPC

➤ 2nd NAP Key Indicators

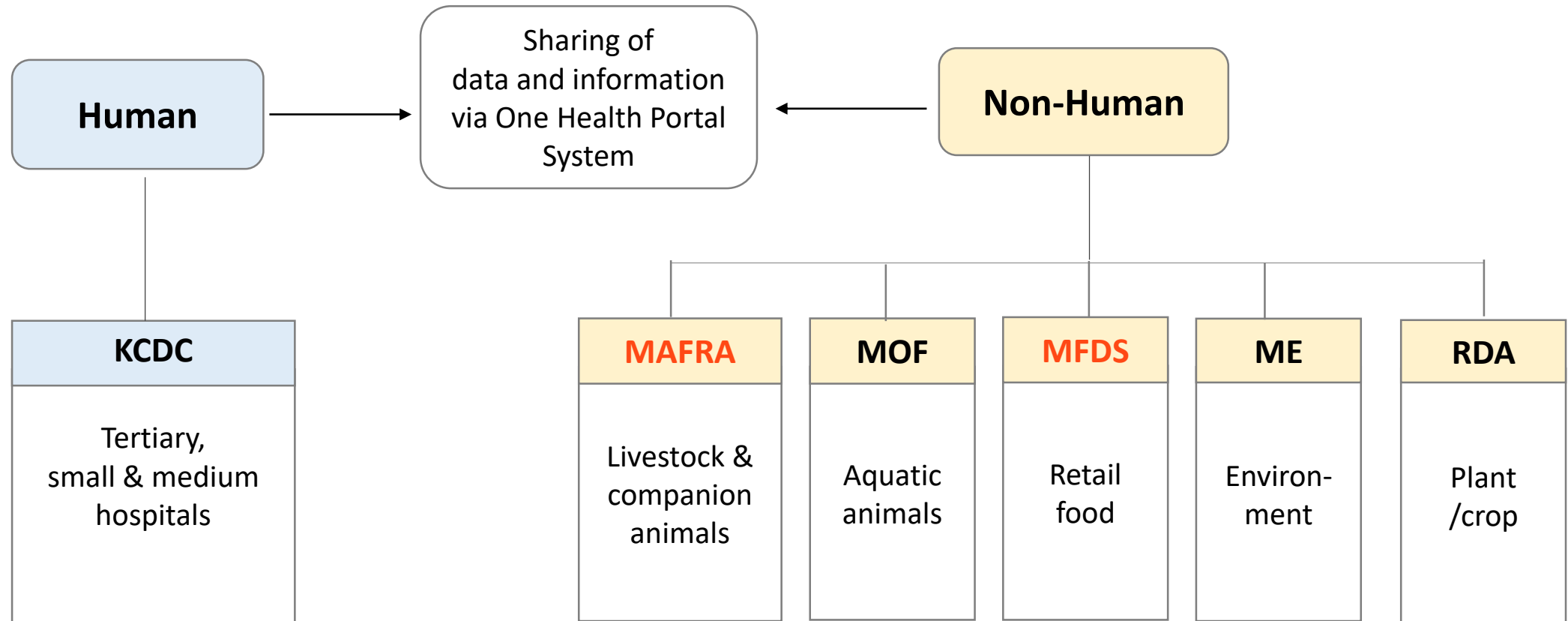
NAP Key Performance Indicators	2020	2025
[Livestock] Antibiotic Consumption (mg/pcu)	217	195
[Chicken] Fluoroquinolone resistance rate of <i>E. coli</i> (%)	78.3	70.5

◆ Main Focus of each objective

Objectives	Main Focuses
<u>Strengthening Surveillance System</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Expand antimicrobial residue management system in non-human sector ② Strengthen AMR surveillance system in non-human sector ③ Build integrated surveillance system
<u>Appropriate Use of Antimicrobials</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Appropriate use of antimicrobials for livestock and fisheries industries ② Improve awareness of appropriate use of antimicrobials
<u>Prevention of the Spread of AMR Bacteria</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Prevent spread of AMR bacteria in the livestock and fisheries industries
<u>Expansion of R&D</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① <u>Implement AMR research in One Health aspect</u> ② <u>Strengthen research for appropriate use of antimicrobials</u>
<u>Collaboration for Controlling AMR</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ① Establish inter-departmental collaboration system for solving AMR problem ② Strengthen global cooperation to fight against AMR

Strengthening Surveillance System

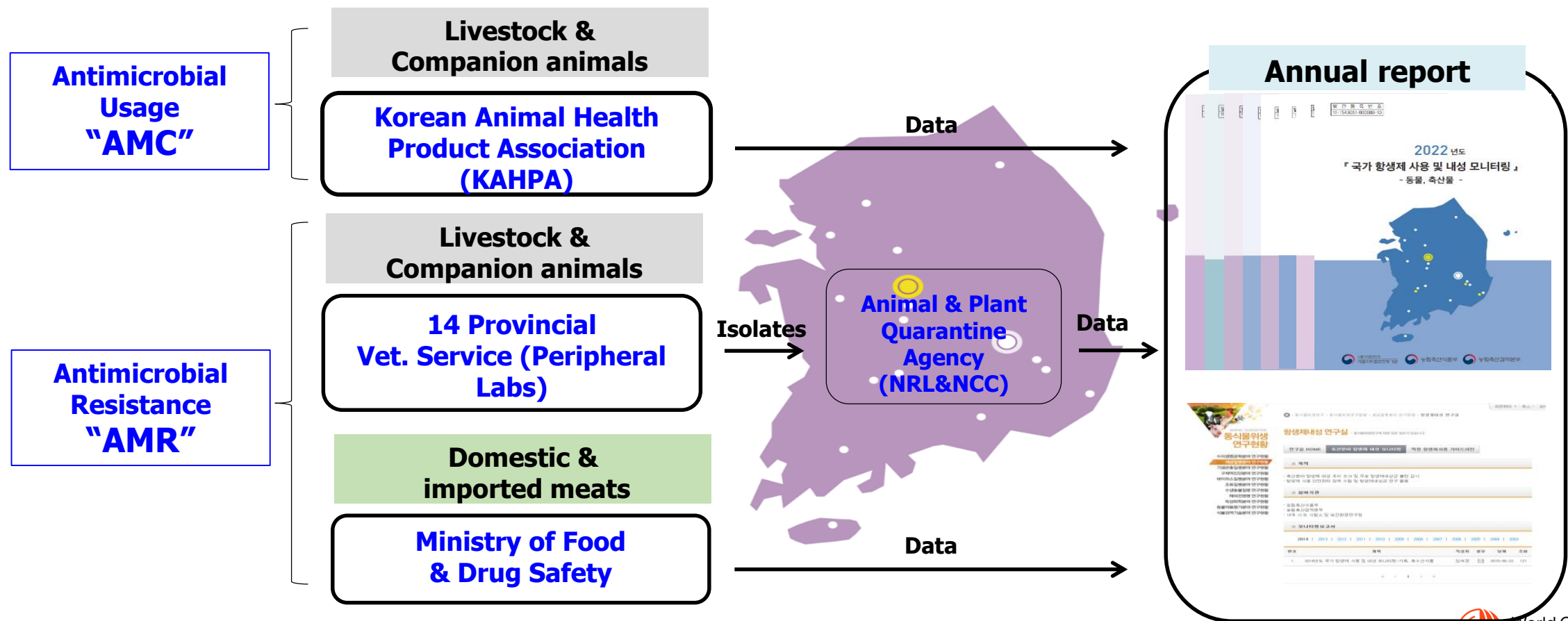
◆ AMR Surveillance in ROK



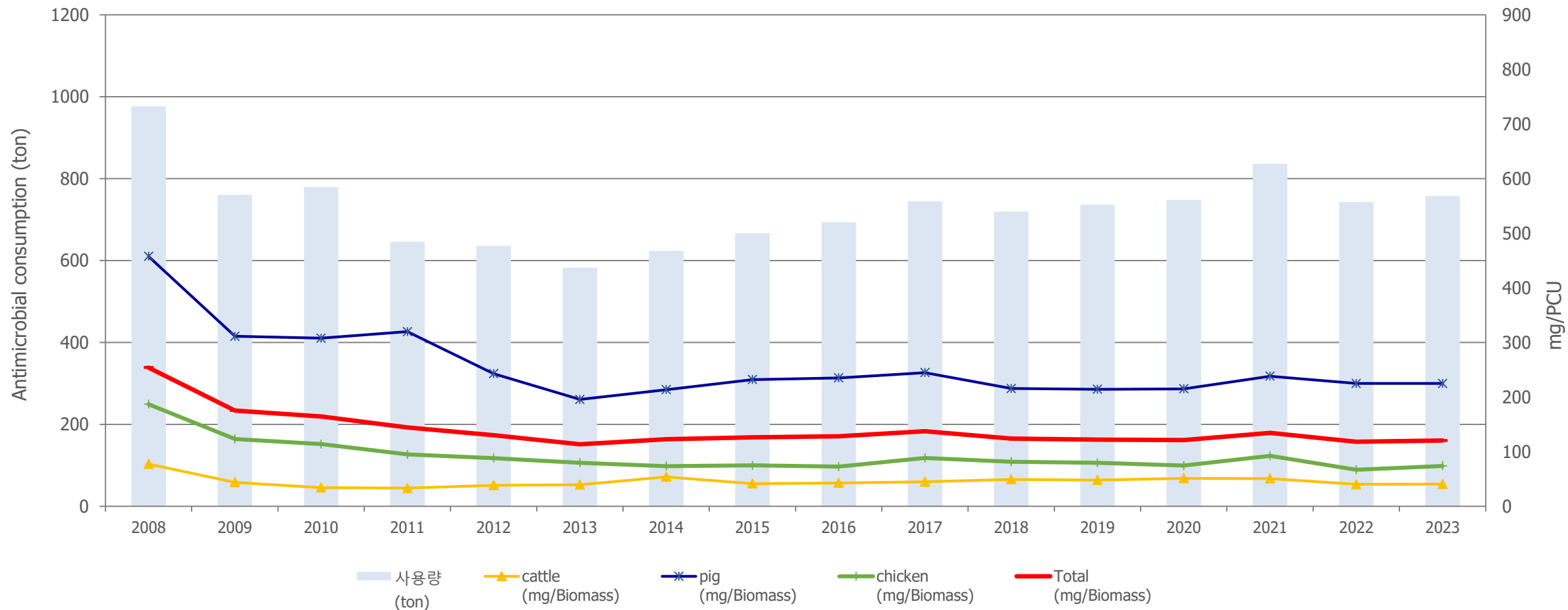
KCDC, Korea Disease Control and Prevention Agency; MAFRA : Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs; MOF, Ministry of Oceans and Fisheries; MFDS, Ministry of Food and Drug Safety; ME, Ministry of Environment; RDA, Rural Development Administration

◆ AMR surveillance in terrestrial animal

Korean Veterinary Antimicrobial Resistance Monitoring System (KVARMS, 2008-)

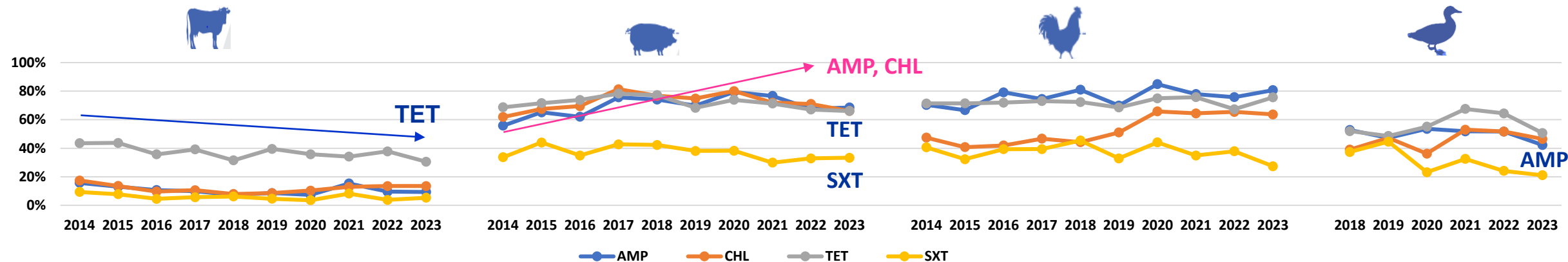


◆ Antimicrobial Consumption (estimate)(1)

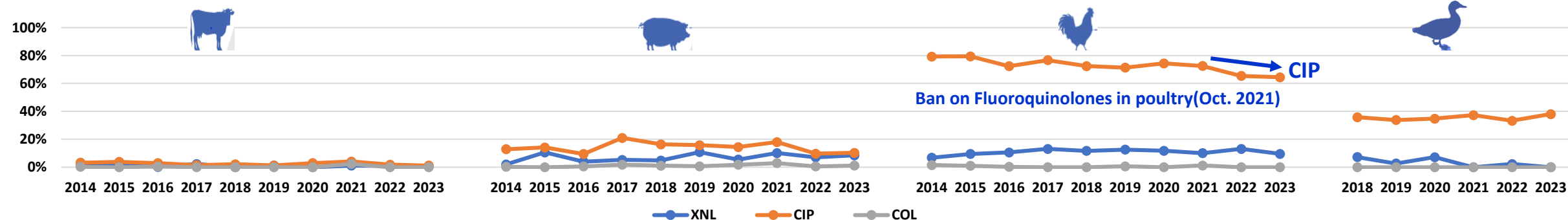


◆ Antimicrobial Resistance in Livestock

Non- Highest Priority of Critically Important Antimicrobials



Highest Priority of Critically Important Antimicrobials



- ✓ Animal species : Higher in pigs and chickens than that of cattle
- ✓ Non-HP CIAs : Decreased tetracycline and trimethoprim/sulfonamides, increased ampicillin and chloramphenicol
- ✓ HP CIAs : Maintained high resistance of ciprofloxacin in chickens

◆ Data in action

Parameter

Contents

Share of findings

Report/publication, online , available for public, sharing –annually
Provide data one health portal system

Guidelines

Antimicrobial prescription guidelines for each animal pathogen

Intervention

All antimicrobials can use by veterinary prescription by 11, 2022

Restriction of use of HP CIAs (fluoroquinolones & 3rd generation cephalosporins) in chicken

Generate policy

Provide the data to decide ban of antimicrobial in feed and veterinary prescription policy

■ APQA/MFDS homepage

WELCOME TO APQA HOMEPAGE

Animal and Plant Quarantine Agency

ABOUT APQA ANIMAL / LIVESTOCK PLANT COMMUNITY PLAZA CONTACT US

연도	2022.1.1~2022.12.31	2021.1.1~2021.12.31	2020.1.1~2020.12.31	2019.1.1~2019.12.31	2018.1.1~2018.12.31
1	2022.1.1~2022.12.31	2021.1.1~2021.12.31	2020.1.1~2020.12.31	2019.1.1~2019.12.31	2018.1.1~2018.12.31
2	2021.1.1~2021.12.31	2020.1.1~2020.12.31	2019.1.1~2019.12.31	2018.1.1~2018.12.31	2017.1.1~2017.12.31
3	2020.1.1~2020.12.31	2019.1.1~2019.12.31	2018.1.1~2018.12.31	2017.1.1~2017.12.31	2016.1.1~2016.12.31
4	2019.1.1~2019.12.31	2018.1.1~2018.12.31	2017.1.1~2017.12.31	2016.1.1~2016.12.31	2015.1.1~2015.12.31
5	2018.1.1~2018.12.31	2017.1.1~2017.12.31	2016.1.1~2016.12.31	2015.1.1~2015.12.31	2014.1.1~2014.12.31
6	2017.1.1~2017.12.31	2016.1.1~2016.12.31	2015.1.1~2015.12.31	2014.1.1~2014.12.31	2013.1.1~2013.12.31
7	2016.1.1~2016.12.31	2015.1.1~2015.12.31	2014.1.1~2014.12.31	2013.1.1~2013.12.31	2012.1.1~2012.12.31
8	2015.1.1~2015.12.31	2014.1.1~2014.12.31	2013.1.1~2013.12.31	2012.1.1~2012.12.31	2011.1.1~2011.12.31
9	2014.1.1~2014.12.31	2013.1.1~2013.12.31	2012.1.1~2012.12.31	2011.1.1~2011.12.31	2010.1.1~2010.12.31
10	2013.1.1~2013.12.31	2012.1.1~2012.12.31	2011.1.1~2011.12.31	2010.1.1~2010.12.31	2009.1.1~2009.12.31
11	2012.1.1~2012.12.31	2011.1.1~2011.12.31	2010.1.1~2010.12.31	2009.1.1~2009.12.31	2008.1.1~2008.12.31
12	2011.1.1~2011.12.31	2010.1.1~2010.12.31	2009.1.1~2009.12.31	2008.1.1~2008.12.31	2007.1.1~2007.12.31

■ One health portal system



■ Prescription guidelines

소 (Cattle) 항생제 처방 가이드라인

돼지 (Pig) 항생제 처방 가이드라인

가금 (Poultry) 항생제 처방 가이드라인

항생제명	소 (Cattle)	돼지 (Pig)	가금 (Poultry)
penicillin	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
ampicillin	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
amoxicillin	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
clavulanic acid	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
erythromycin	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
clarithromycin	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
azithromycin	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
doxycycline	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
tetracycline	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
trimethoprim	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
sulfamonomethoxime	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
flumequine	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
marbofloxacin	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
enrofloxacin	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능
tylosin	사용가능	사용가능	사용가능

■ Intervention

(농림축산식품부) 처방대상 동물용의약품 지정에 관한 규정

(농림축산식품부) 처방대상 동물용의약품 지정에 관한 규정
[시행 2013.8.2] [농림축산식품부고시 제2013-11호, 2013.5.3. 제정]

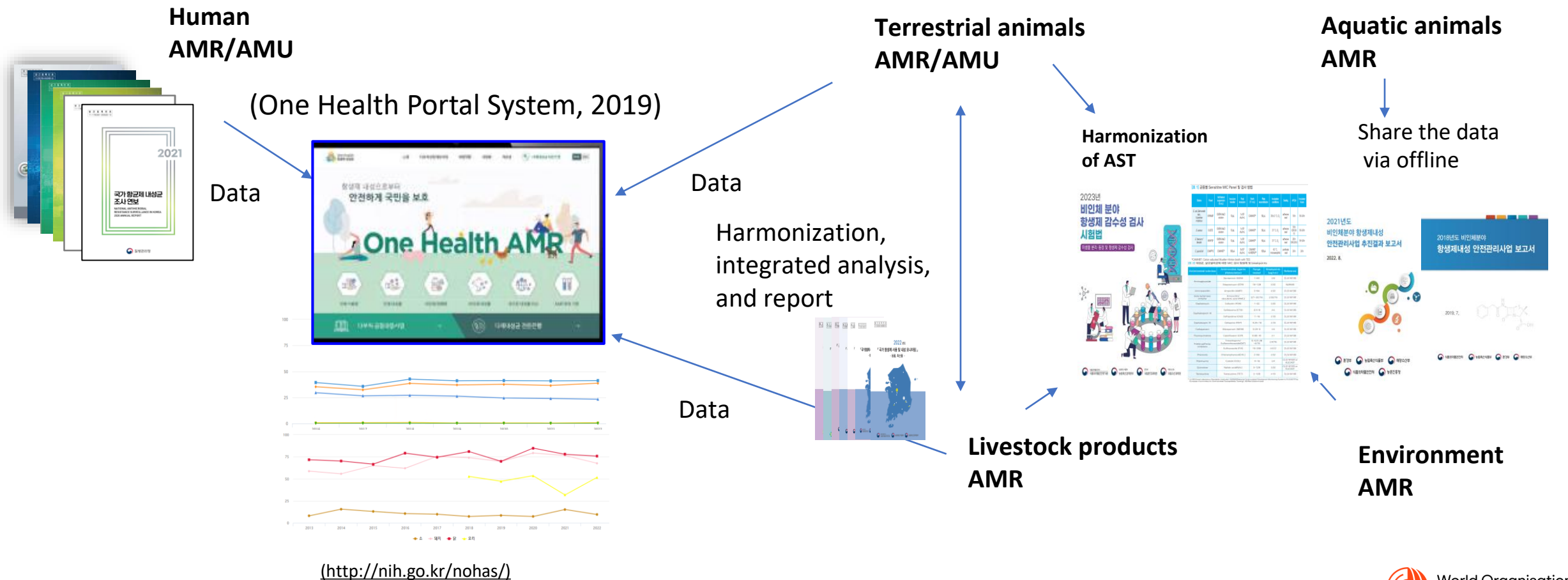
농식품부 “2021년부터 모든 닭에 항생제 ‘엔로플록사신’ 사용금지”

“산란계 농가는 이미 17년째 사용금지...검사·교육 강화”

농림축산식품부

◆ Harmonization and data sharing

Harmonization



Prudent antimicrobial use

◆ Development of prudent use model in pigs

● Antibiotic Reduction Model

- Implementation of the **veterinary advisory service** contracts
 - Conduct antibiotic susceptibility testing before antibiotic administration
- **Reduction** of prophylactic antibiotic use
- Application of medicated water system for precise antibiotic administration

● Environmental Residual Resistant Bacteria Prevention Model

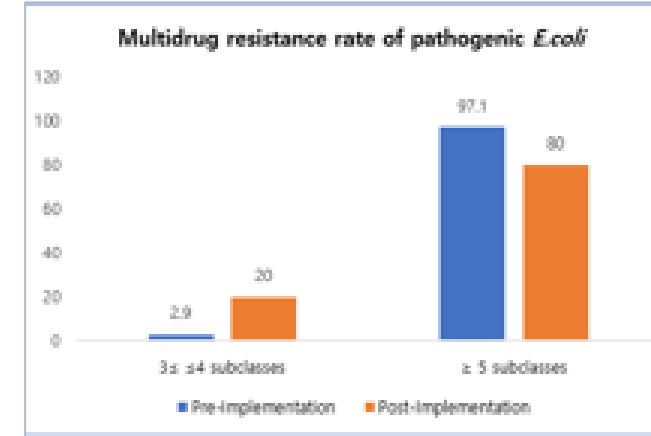
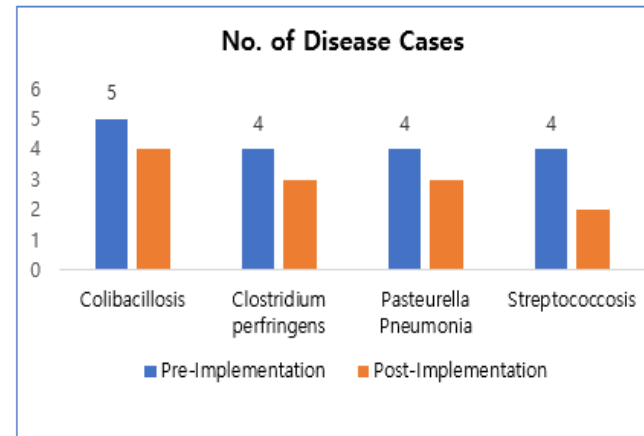
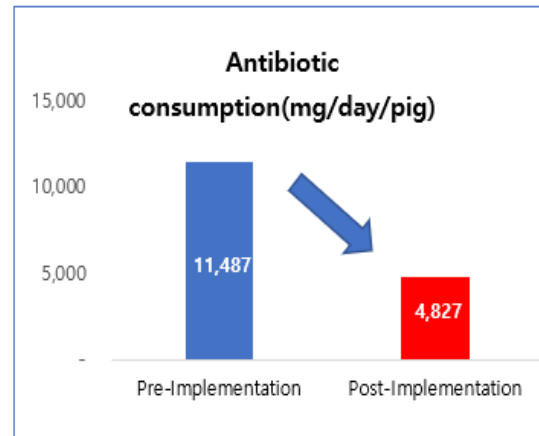
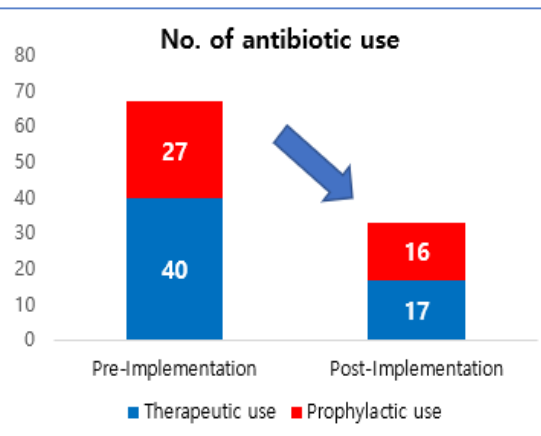
- Applying All-in/All-out system

● Disease Reduction Model

- Strengthening biosecurity measures and upgrading farm facilities



- 50.7% reduction in the frequency of antibiotic use (67 to 33 times)
- 62.7% reduction in the amount of antibiotic use (11,488 to 4,827mg/day/pig)
- Decrease in disease
- Decrease in Multidrug Resistance Rate in Pathogenic *E. coli*



◆ Development of Prescription Guidelines

Identifying
bacterial disease



Approved antibiotics by disease



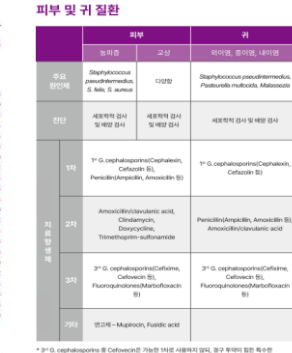
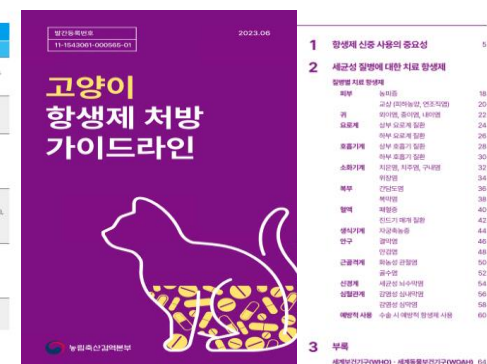
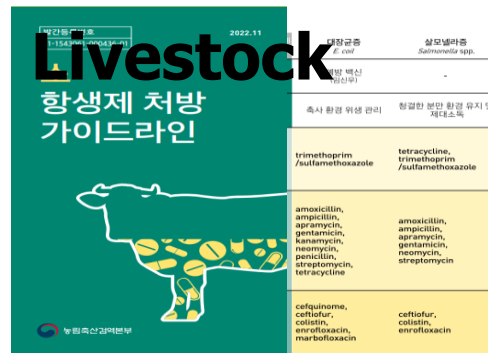
Pathogen efficacy



Importance to humans & Animals



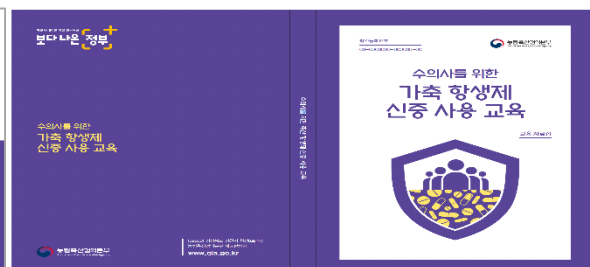
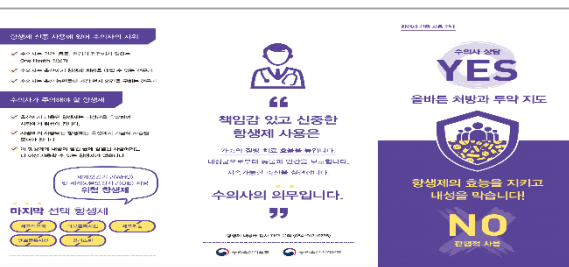
Expert Consults



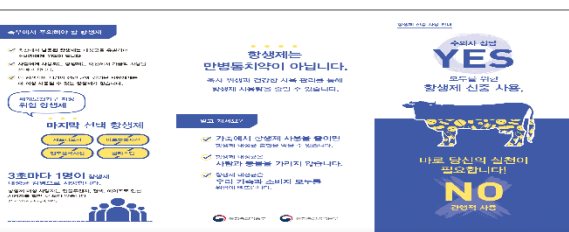
- ✓ Selected the antibiotics 1st, 2nd, 3rd by efficacy against pathogens and importance to animals and humans.
- ✓ Highly important antibiotics were reserved as 3rd line, such as 3rd generation cephalosporins, fluoroquinolones, and colistin.

◆ Developing contents for Awareness

Livestock Veterinarians



Farmers & Stakeholders



Companion Animals Veterinarians



Pet owner



✓ Raising awareness by on & off-line education to farmers and stakeholders

✓ Professional education and training on Vet. for appropriate use and prescription of AMs

◆ Personnel training for Local Vet. Service

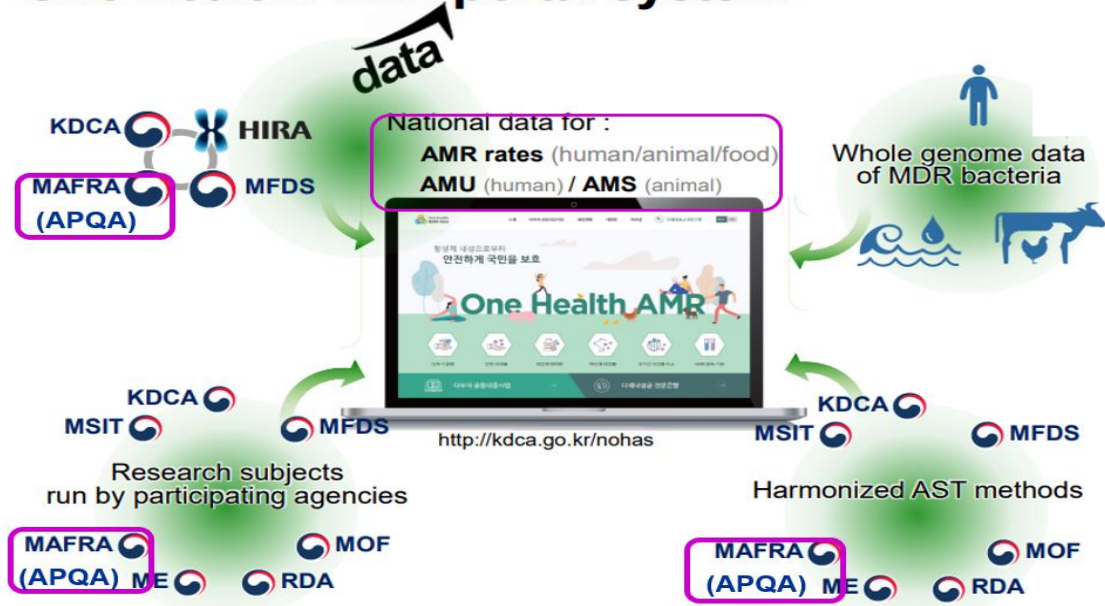
- Introduction of AMR: importance and examples of monitoring etc.
- Laboratory methods : sampling, isolation, stock etc.
- Susceptibility testing for feedback to farms : Disc diffusion



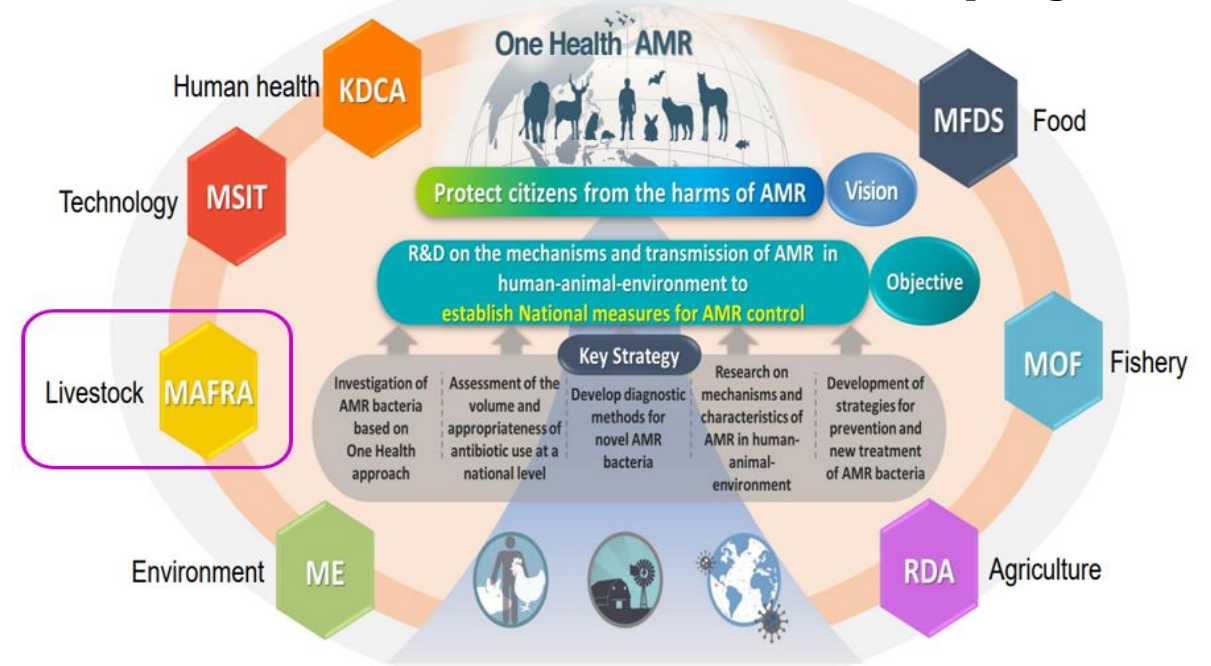
Multisectoral and International cooperation

◆ Multi-sectoral Cooperation

One Health AMR portal system



Multi-sectoral one health research project



- ✓ Establishment of One Health Portal
- ✓ Integrating of AMU/AMR data and analysis from both humans & animals

- ✓ To foster essential inter-ministerial collaboration (2019-)
- ✓ Investigate and research AMR bacteria based on a One health approach

➤ Enhances understanding and effective response to AMR issues

◆ International cooperation

▪ Annual AMR hands-on training for Asian countries with WOAHH RRAP

1st Training
(October, 2023)



2nd Training
(September, 2024)



3rd Training
(Scheduled September, 2025)



Ref. No. RRAP/2025/197

21 April 2025

Call for Expression of Interest for Training for AMR Laboratory Experts
(7th -10th July 2025 in Japan and 16th -24th September 2025 in Republic of Korea)

Dear Delegate,
Dear National Focal Point for Veterinary Products,

I am pleased to inform you that WOAH is organising the two training courses for AMR Laboratory Experts in collaboration with **Animal and Plant Quarantine Agency (APQA)** of Republic of Korea and **National Veterinary Assay Laboratory (NVAL)** of Japan in cooperation with **School of Veterinary Medicine, Rakuno Gakuen University (RGU)** of Japan, WOAH Collaborating Centre for Food Safety.

◆ Provide Data to Global DB

KVARMS



Global

Domestic

AMU

AMR

AMU/AMR

WOAH ANIMUSE
(Global database on AMs intended for use in animals)

World Organisation for Animal Health
Founded as OIE

ANIMUSE

The World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH) has been collecting data on the animals and reasons for antimicrobial use in animals since 2015. This information is an essential asset to reduce the overuse and misuse of antimicrobials and to curb the spread of antimicrobial resistance (AMR). ANIMUSE, the global database on AMs and AMR in animals, facilitates access to this critical and growing set of information.

(2015 ~)

FAO InFARM
(International FAO Antimicrobial Resistance Monitoring)

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations

(2024 ~)

Animal and Plant Quarantine Agency

One Health Portal System

(2019 ~)

WHO AMR CC Human AMR/AMU

2021

국가 항생제 내성균 조사 연보
NATIONAL ANTIMICROBIAL RESISTANCE SURVEILLANCE IN KOREA
2021 ANNUAL REPORT

Thank you

Bo-Youn Moon M.S., ph.D.

Junior researcher

qiamby@korea.kr
