Animal price monitoring pilot study in Thailand





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Outline

- Background
- Objectives
- Data sources
- Data characteristics
- Analysis
- Implications and challenges

Background

An Animal Price Monitoring System (APMS) could support in the prediction of future outbreaks of transboudary animal disease.



World Organisation for Animal Health Founded as OIE

The Feasibility of Establishing an Animal Price Monitoring System in SEACFMD Region with the Goal of Predicting Livestock Movements and Transboundary Animal Disease Risk



In conclusion, the authors do not believe the development of an Animal Price Monitoring System should be attempted at this time (circa 2022).

Recommendation

An APMS would require a large amount of livestock price data collected over a sustained period of time. Before any investment is made in trying to establish an APMS, further research should be commissioned to validate the following:

- The strength of the association between prices and animal movements;
- The sources of price information which drive market participants' behaviours with respect to animal movements and whether this price information is available to an APMS;
- The true nature of the risk associated with movements i.e. what proportion of movements result in disease outbreaks of concern and how frequently would this occur;
- An understanding of the resources needed to both build and implement an APMS;
- An understanding of the resources needed for a competent authority to respond to a potential
 market price signal indicative of where an outbreak may occur.

PILOT STUDY IN THAILAND

Objectives

- To collect animal and product price data from various sources multiple stakeholders at the selected value chain/critical points (based on stakeholder mapping) and verify data for predicting animal movement patterns and occurrences of TADs
- To establish an animal price database model to predict the extent of animal movement patterns and occurrence of TADs aligned with price changes in the livestock value chain.





- Animal price
- Number of disease outbreaks (count)
- Animal movement

Data : 2021-2023

Outbreak data : FMD, LSD and ASF

Animal price data : cattle and pig

Animal movement data : Cattle

URL*	Туре	Species	Time interval Used in the data	Comments
1 ระบบสารสนเทศเพื่อการ กล่างระบบสารสนเทศเพื่อการ	GOV DLD	Cattle Swine Poultry	Month	Outbreak report from DLD
2 California de la calegaria factoria esta de la calegaria de	GOV DLD	Cattle Buffaloes Pig	Day	Animal movement data
3 Subjection of Livestock Development Supportment of Livestock Development Support Support	Gov.	Beef cattle, pig, broiler	weekly	Beef data may be link with LSD outbreak in Thailand (2021-2022)
4 สมาคมผู้เลี้ยงสุกรแห่งชาติ The Swine Raisers Association of Thai	Swine Associatio n	pig	weekly	Gate prices
5	Private	Pig	weekly	-Data from: May 2022-May 2024 -Gate price from different regions -Summary in texts

PASUSART NEWS				
6	GOV		Beef	Retrospective data
aninorulasugñonsinuas Office of Agricultural Economics			Pig	last 7 years
	GOV	Beef cattle Swine	Week	Meat data (beef cattle, swine)
8	GOV	Cattle	Yearly Report	Report book: Number of farms and
gudinnfulnönsetunniseenseforts hennete tei Generation hanvagi Gener nivelet reconservere	DLD	Swine		animals by regions 2023-2018
9	GOV	Cattle	Yearly Report	Report book: Location and facility of
ເຈລາດບັດໂຄ-ກະະບົອ ແລະດລາດບັດລັດວ່ປີກ ປະະຈຳປີ 2566	DLS			live cattle markets in Thailand
10	Private	Pig	Report	Article with data: gate price and
FFTG Agricultural Policy Platform (FFTG-AP) Foot and Fettour foctoring Center for the Asian and Placfic Region	Organizati			piglet price during ASF outbreak in
	on			Viet Nam and Thailand



กรมปศุสัตว์ Department of Livestock Development

้วิสัยทัศน์ : เป็นองค์กรพัฒนาการปศสัตว์ด้วยนวัตกรรมและเทคโนโลยี เพิ่มเ

Weekly updated

By region

รวบรวมข้อมูล : กลุ่มวิจัยเศรษฐกิจการปฏสัตว์ กองส่อสริมเณะพัฒนาการปฏสัตว์ กรมปฏสัตว์

https://dld.go.th/th/index.php/th/newsflash/310costprice-cat/28163-infoprice256709-1

Animal price data





Animal movement data

https://aqi.dld.go.th/webnew/index.php/th/

Analysis

Data : 2021-2023

Outbreak data : FMD, LSD and ASF

Animal price data : cattle and pig

Animal movement data : Cattle

Cattle



Month-Year



Seasonal plot: Price of cow 2016 2015 36000 2015 **2016** 2022 2027 2023 Price (Bath) 50005 2029 2021 2017 2018 32000 2020 2019 2023 2879 2018 30000 2024 Jul Dec Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Aug Sep Oct Nov Month



The price has continued to drop from 2021 to 2024











Seasonal plot: Cow Movement





Α



Swine









Month



2022 prices were higher than 2023 and 2024





Cross-correlation between prices and number of disease outbreaks

Price & Count

- X comes before Y in time. Thus, x is a leading predictor.
- Price come before outbreaks. Higher price in this month, next two months a higher number of outbreak is expected to be reported.
- Outbreaks come before price. Having a high number of outbreaks this month, next two months price is up. NOT THIS CASE

Cross-correlation

- Negative value of *h* = correlation between price at time before *t* and count at time *t*
- Lag between time
- Lag = -2 month -> price at previous 2 month and count at this month

FMD price & count: 2021-2023

Cow price vs FMD Counts



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FMD: price & count



- Price in the previous 2 months positively correlates with count
- If price is high at 2 month prior, count is high in this month.



ASF: Price-count

Autocorrelations of series 'X', by lag

-11 -10 -9 -8 -12 -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 -0.035 -0.013 -0.026 -0.052 -0.108 -0.166 -0.171 -0.144 -0.076 0.023 0.135 0.302 0.387 5 11 12 1 2 3 4 6 8 9 10 7 0.403 0.421 0.431 0.446 0.423 0.394 0.349 0.270 0.195 0.127 0.030 -0.071









- Animal movement in the previous 1-2 months positively correlates with count
- If animal movement is high at 1-2 month prior, count is high in this month.

Challenge situation



Data with spikes in variables (e.g., count and movement) is very challenging to predict



Month

Cattle movement only (removing 100,000 buffaloes)



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Conclusion

- Animal prices and movement patterns may serve as potential predictors for FMD outbreaks.
- Positive cross-correlation has been identified, indicating:
 - High animal prices in the previous 1-2 months are associated with an increased number of FMD outbreaks in the current month.
 - High animal movement in the previous 1-2 months correlates with a higher number of FMD outbreaks in the current month.
- Challenges exist in using these two predictors to accurately forecast outbreaks in some scenarios.

Next steps

- Modelling outbreak count with lag1, lag2, .. lagn of animal price with Poisson and Negative binomial models
- Statistical process control chart to capture the significant shift in price

Acknowledgment



World Organisation for Animal Health Founded in 1924



