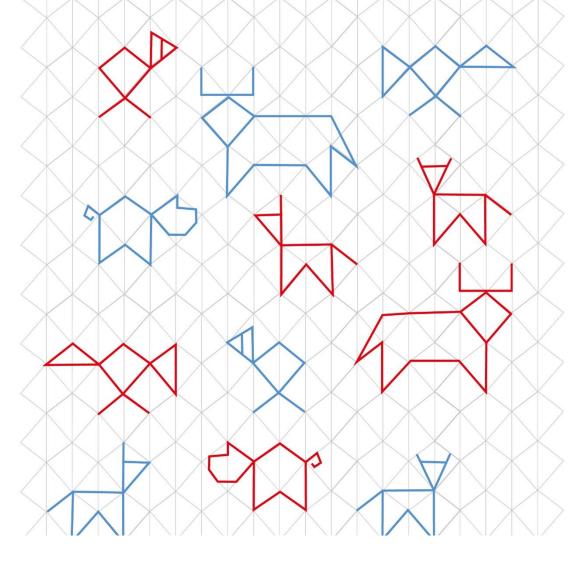




Ninth Meeting of the Standing Group of Experts on African Swine Fever for Asia and the Pacific



With support from:















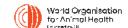


National ASF Prevention and Control Program (NASFPCP)

Dr. Janice Garcia, NASFPCP Operations Unit Philippines







ASF Disease Situation Summary

CUMMULATIVE NUMBER OF ASF AFFECTED AREAS AS OF 21 JUNE 2024

Total no. of Affected Regions*

17

Total no. of Affected Provinces*

Tatalna af

74

Total no. of Affected Cities/Municipalities*

969

Total no. of Affected Barangays*

5361

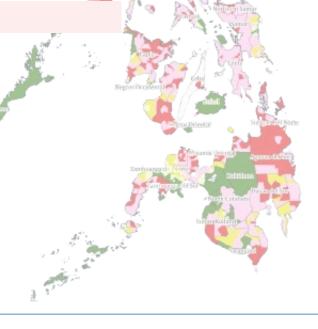
NUMBER OF UPGRADED AREAS AS OF 14 JUNE 2024

AREAS UPGRADED FROM
RED TO PINK
(CITIES AND MUNICIPALITIES)

466

AREAS UPGRADED FROM PINK TO YELLOW (CITIES AND MUNICIPALITIES)

98



Identified ASF Risk for Spread

Epidemiological Analysis of ASF in the Philippines, August 2019 - June 2023(Gundran R., NASFPCP, 2023)

- Backyard farms
- Marketing of pigs through Middlemen/Traders
- Swill Feeding
- Movement (Vehicle, Human, Animal Products)
- Introduction of new animals
- Contact with Infected Animals
- Presence of Fomites and Vectors

A Retrospective Study on the Philippines The Epidemiology Of African Swine Fever Outbreaks in the Philippines

(Parayao R., Marasigan A., Tanael E., 2023)

- Backyard farming
- Allows customer inside
- Natural Mating
- Slaughter and Sell
- Entry of Pigs sales agent
- Water sourced from well or pump
- Allows technician inside farm

Community-based Approach on ASF Prevention and Control



LGU ENGAGEMENT

Local government involvement ensures coordinated ASF response.

SURVEILLANCE

Monitoring for ASF outbreaks to contain and prevent spread.

BIOSECURITY

Implementing strict measures to prevent ASF transmissions.

CAPABILITY & AWARENESS

Enhancing skills and knowledge for effective ASF management.

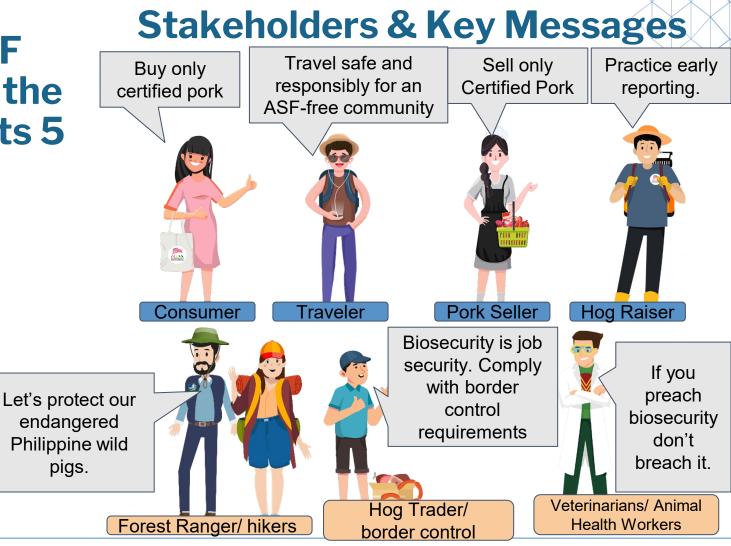
REPOPULATION

Rebuilding swine industry on post ASF outbreak, ensuring food security.



Implementation of the ASF Communication Strategy of the Philippines 2021-2022 and its 5 components

- Technical understanding of ASF
- Risk and Crisis Communication
- Awareness and Advocacy
- Creating Network of Regional ASF Communications
- Engagement of Partners



Super Pig Campaign

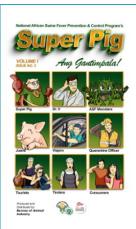
- Super Pig Tours at LGUs and Transport Terminals (Caloocan, Pateros, PITX, Ilocos Motorcade)
- Super Pig Comics, jingle and lyrics video
- Super Pig Promotional















Awareness and Capability

- Information caravans for domestic and wild pigs
- Applied Veterinary Epidemiology Training (AVET)
- African Swine Fever Preparedness and Tabletop Exercises (APPTX)
- African Swine Fever Threat to Domestic and Wild Pigs Campaign (Workshop)
- Community ASF Biosecurity Intervention (CABI)



Promotional Items/ IEC Printed/ Social **Media/ Advertisement Campaigns**

- Social Media Cards: #FORDAFACTSLANG Online Series, Seasonal Social Media Cards
- Outdoor Advertisements: Waiting sheds, Billboards, LED Billboards
- ASF TV and Radio Advertisements
- Fake vs Facts, FAQs on ASF
- Kapihan Sessions with ASF (Youtube series)



NASFPCP FB Page:



ASF Media Toolkit New (Dropbox)





AFRICAN SWINE FEVER



https://tinyurl.com/ASFKIT

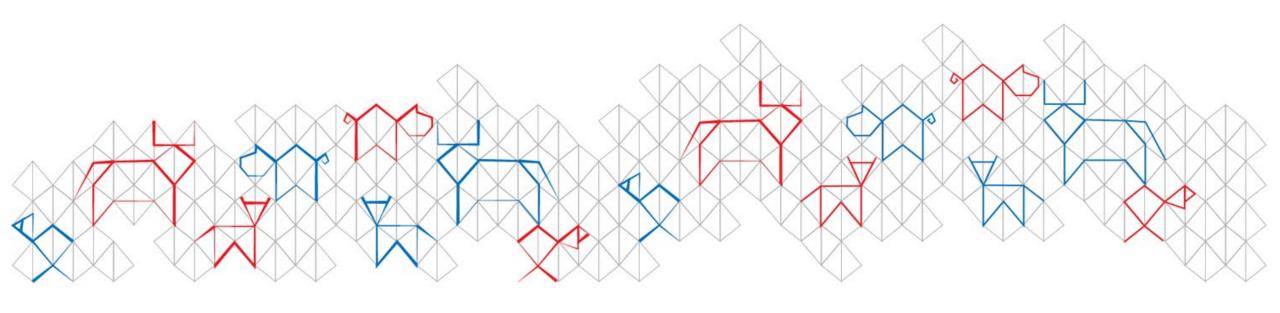
Summary/Lessons learned/Recommendations

Lessons Learned:

- The collaboration with Local Government Units (LGU) is important to the successful implementation of the program
- Distribution and implementation of the communication plan should include the Provincial, City and Municipal government
- Addressing the existing misinformation to encourage participation in surveillance and testing protocols
- High interest of farmers in biosecurity especially at the community level

Recommendations:

- Continuously engage LGU in various activities such as public consultation and capacity building
- Implement a Communication plan up to the grassroots level
- Combat misinformation through IEC activities
- Involve farms in biosecurity seminars and programs such as the Community ASF Biosecurity Intervention



Thank You Maraming Salamat