## Surveillance of Equine Influenza in China

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#### Harbin Veterinary Research Institute, Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences

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- State Key Laboratory for Animal Disease Control and Prevention
- National High Containment Facilities for Animal Disease Control and Prevention
- National Avian Influenza Reference Laboratory
- National Contagious Bovine Pleuropneumonia Reference Laboratory
- National Glanders Reference Laboratory
- National Equine Infectious Anemia Reference Laboratory

- FAO Reference Centre for Animal Influenza
- WOAH Reference Laboratory for Avian Influenza
- WOAH Reference Laboratory for Equine Infectious Anemia
- WOAH Reference Laboratory for Infectious Bursal Disease
- WOAH Collaborating Centre for Zoonoses of Asia - Pacific



## Horses and Donkeys in China

#### Horses: 3.5 millions

#### donkeys: 2.6 millions



## Populations of horses in China---3.5M



### International and national transportation of horses

- International trade:
  - ✓ 3000+ horses each year imported for breading purpose from 2005 to 2019
  - $\checkmark$  Few horses export to other countries.
- National trade and transportation:

✓No statistic number for horse movement national-wide

#### **EQUINE INFLUENZA SURVEILLANCE 2021-2022**

| Vaccination status | Number of<br>locations | Number of samples taken | Horses<br>/donkeys | Test used        | Result        |
|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Vaccinated         | Guangdong              | 1506                    | Horses             | HI               | 1442 positive |
| Non                | Tibet                  | 60                      | Horses             | HI               | 4 positive    |
| vaccinated         | Inner Mongolia         | 15                      | Horses             | Real time RT-PCR | 0 positive    |
|                    | Inner Mongolia         | 290                     | Donkeys            | Real time RT-PCR | 0 positive    |
|                    | Hebei                  | 25                      | Horses             | Real time RT-PCR | 0 positive    |
| unknown            | Tianjin                | 146                     | Horses             | HI               | 94 positive   |
|                    | Hubei                  | 66                      | Horses             | Real time RT-PCR | 0 positive    |
|                    | Zhejiang               | 51                      | Horses             | Real time RT-PCR | 0 positive    |
|                    | Tianjin                | 146                     | Horses             | Real time RT-PCR | 0 positive    |
|                    | Beijing                | 48                      | Horses             | Real time RT-PCR | 0 positive    |

## El strains isolated in China



GENETIC DIVERSITY AND EVOLUTION



#### Equine Influenza Virus in Asia: Phylogeographic Pattern and Molecular Features Reveal Circulation of an Autochthonous Lineage

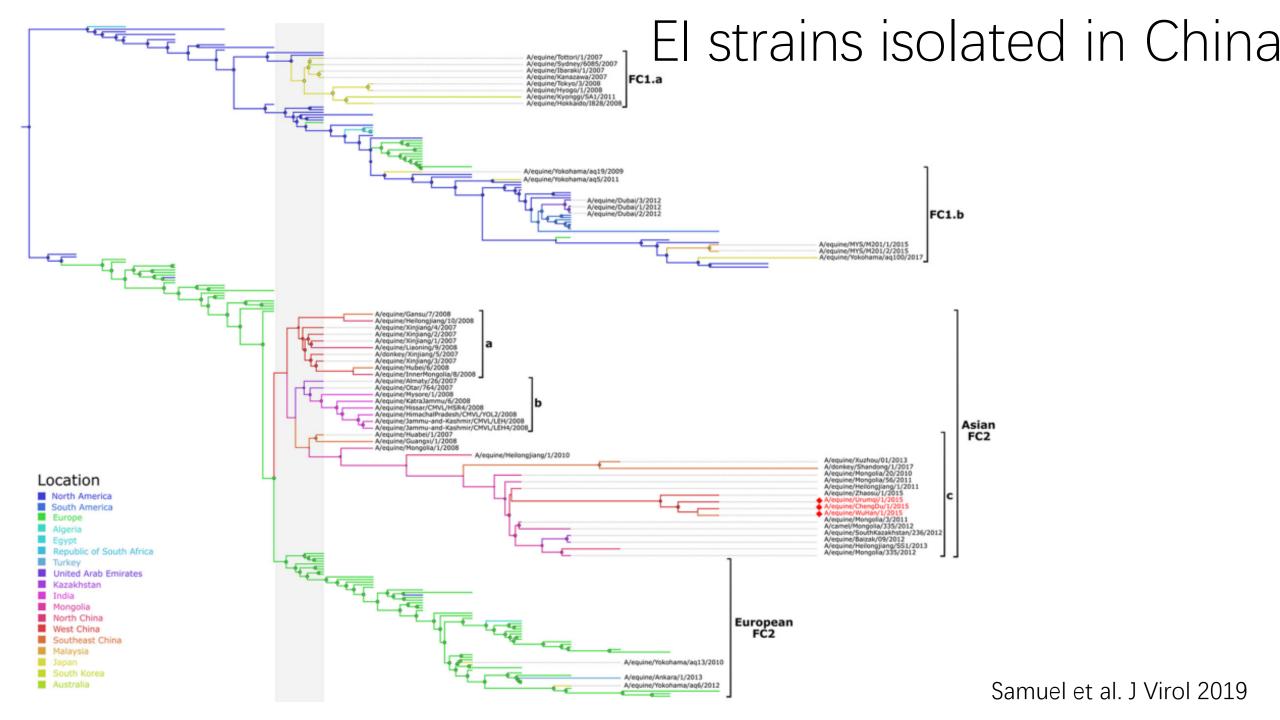
Samuel Miño,<sup>a,b</sup> Laura Mojsiejczuk,<sup>c,d</sup> Wei Guo,<sup>a</sup> Haili Zhang,<sup>a</sup> Ting Qi,<sup>a</sup> Cheng Du,<sup>a</sup> Xiang Zhang,<sup>a</sup> Jingfei Wang,<sup>a</sup> Rodolfo Campos,<sup>c,d</sup> <sup>(D)</sup>Xiaojun Wang<sup>a</sup>

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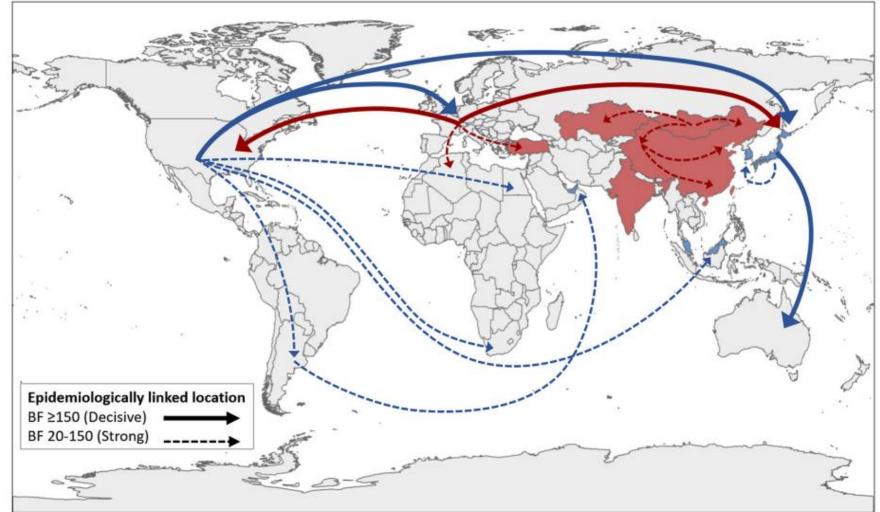
Journal of Virology

jvi.asm.org 1

Samuel et al. J Virol 2019



## Molecular Epidemiologically linked location of Asian El strains



**FIG 4** Epidemiologically linked locations. The FC1 circulation is plotted in blue and that for FC2 in red. The figure shows all the nonzero rates with significant epidemiological links (Bayes factor [BF]  $\ge$  20). Asian countries with HA1 sequences available and included in the analysis are highlighted in blue and red. The map data were obtained from the National Geomatics Center of China (NGCC) and compiled by using QGIS 3.4 (https://www.qgis.org).

## Diagnostic kit developed for El in my lab

| Equine influenza | Reagents of H3N8 Subtype antigens and negative and positive serum for Hemagglutination inhibition (HI) assay |  |  |
|------------------|--|--|--|
|                  | Equine Influenza cELISA Antibody Test Kit  |  |  |
|                  | Equine Influenza RT-PCR Detection Kit  |  |  |
|                  | Equine Influenza Virus One-Step fluorescent RT-PCR Detection<br>Kit (Probe Method)                           |  |  |
|                  | Equine Influenza Virus Detection Kit (Multi-Enzyme Isothermal<br>Amplification Method)                       |  |  |
|                  | Equine Influenza Virus Antigen-capture ELISA (AC-ELISA) Kit  |  |  |
|                  | Equine Influenza Virus Antigen Test Card (Colloidal Gold<br>Method)  |  |  |
|                  |  |  |  |





The OIE Reference Laboratory Twinning for Equine Influenza between Irish Equine Center and Harbin Veterinary Research Institute 2011-2015



# Assays developed during the twinning

- HA
- HI
- SRH
- Virus isolation
- RT-PCR
- Virus typing



## Vaccination Policy of El in China

- No commercialized El vaccine available in China mainland
- Racing horses are recommended to be vaccinated
- Small amount of vaccine were imported to be used for the members of Chinese Horse Industry Association
- An inactive vaccine (H3N8 clade2) is under evaluation now by the authority.



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