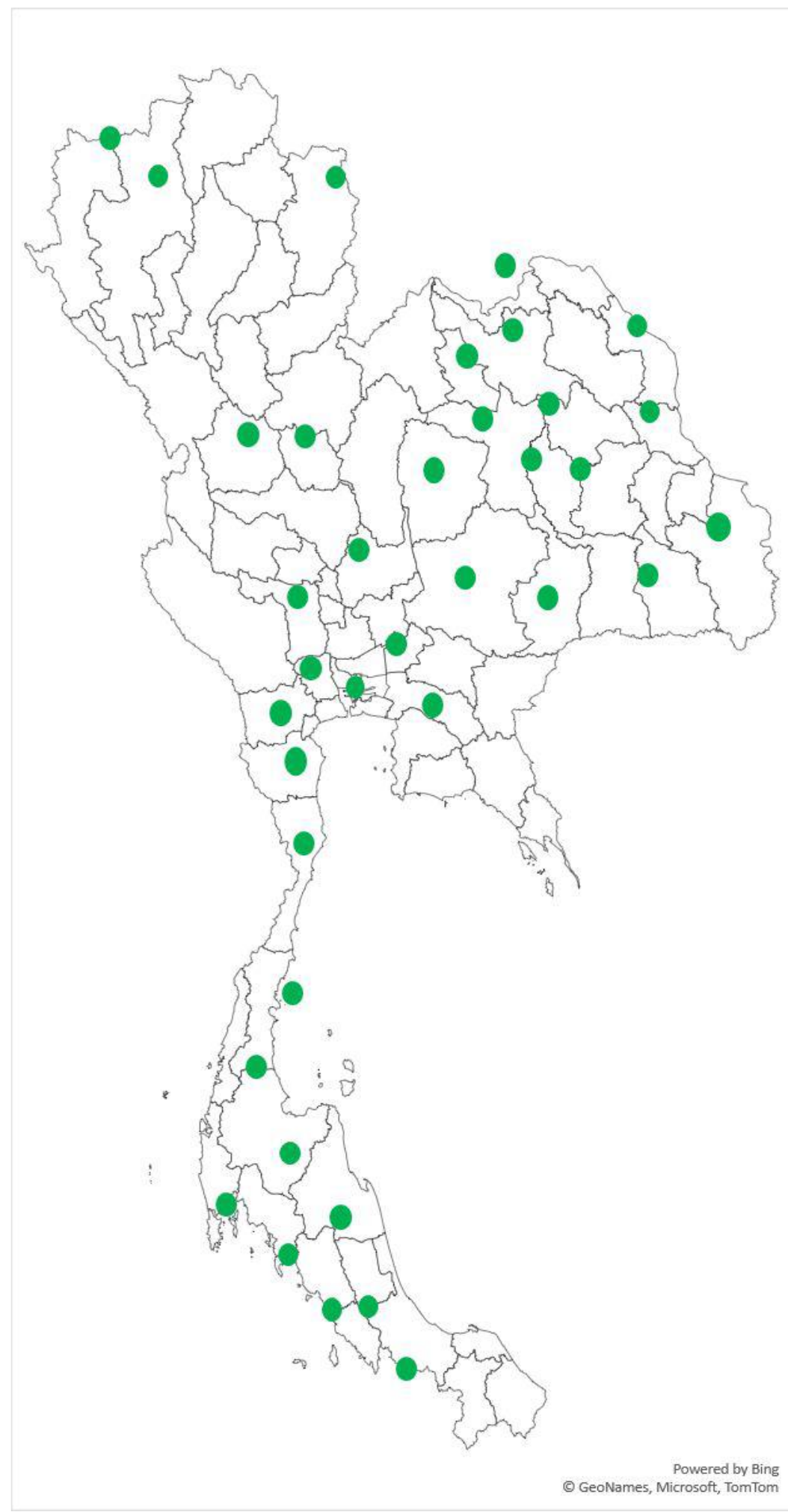


ASF SITUATION

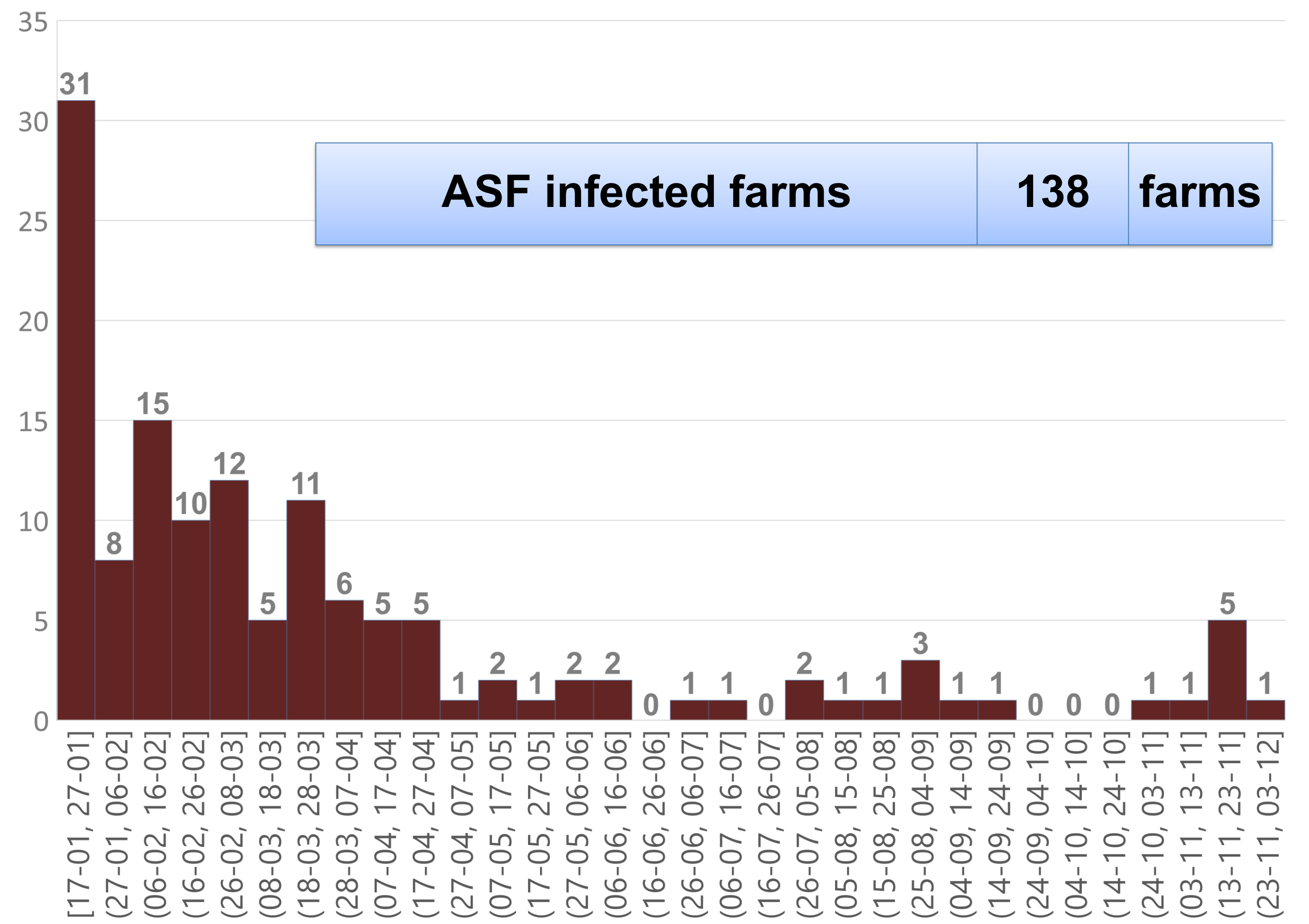
• ASF outbreaks distribution



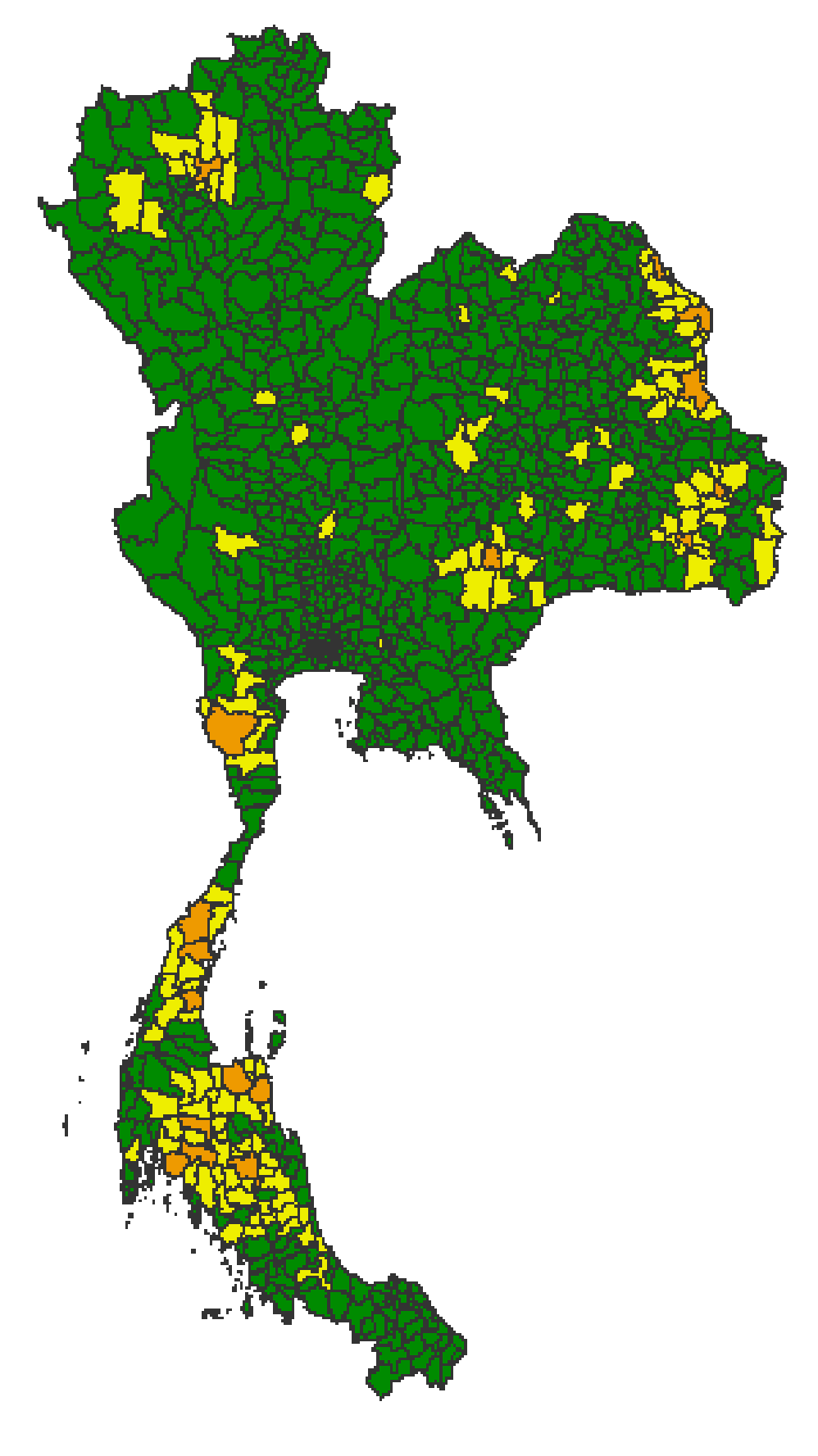
ASF was first detected in swine in Thailand on January 11, 2022

disease found area (unit: province)	
<7 days	0
7-14 days	0
15-30 days	0
>30 days	0
<b>Total</b>	<b>35</b>

• ASF epidemic curve



Risk-based approach (Weekly updated)



- Newly introduced pig
- Surveillance (farm, slaughterhouse, quarantine station)
- Certificate for ASF free farm
- Disease control (stamping/partial stamping out, traceability, and outbreak investigation)

**Sampling targets**

**Slaughterhouse**

- Slaughterhouses: 1465
- Collect 1 swap sample in production line
- Collect every 1 month (follow the movement)
- Use in transporting pig carcasses
- Use for assessing animal health indicators and e-operation

**Quarantine station**

- Animal quarantine station: 50
- Collected samples from 5 farms, 3 samples per farm
- Sample: swap vehicle, blood, saliva (=1 sample per farm)
- Collect every 3 months
- Use for assessing animal health indicators and e-operation

**Newly introduced pigs**

- 5% of swine farms in each province
- Collect 2 swap sample in farm (=1 sample per farm)
- Use for assessing animal health indicators and e-operation



Key ASF PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACTIVITIES

Main Challenges

- Farmers re-start/restock their farms
- Small-scale farmers with low biosecurity
- Lack of compensation
- Illegally Imported pork

- Setting up the new standard for newly introduced pig
- Revising the Contingency plan and Clinical Practice Guidelines for ASF
- Establishing community-based approaches for small-scale pig farms
- Studying on ASF vaccination with high effectivity
- Working more closely with private sectors

Way Forward