



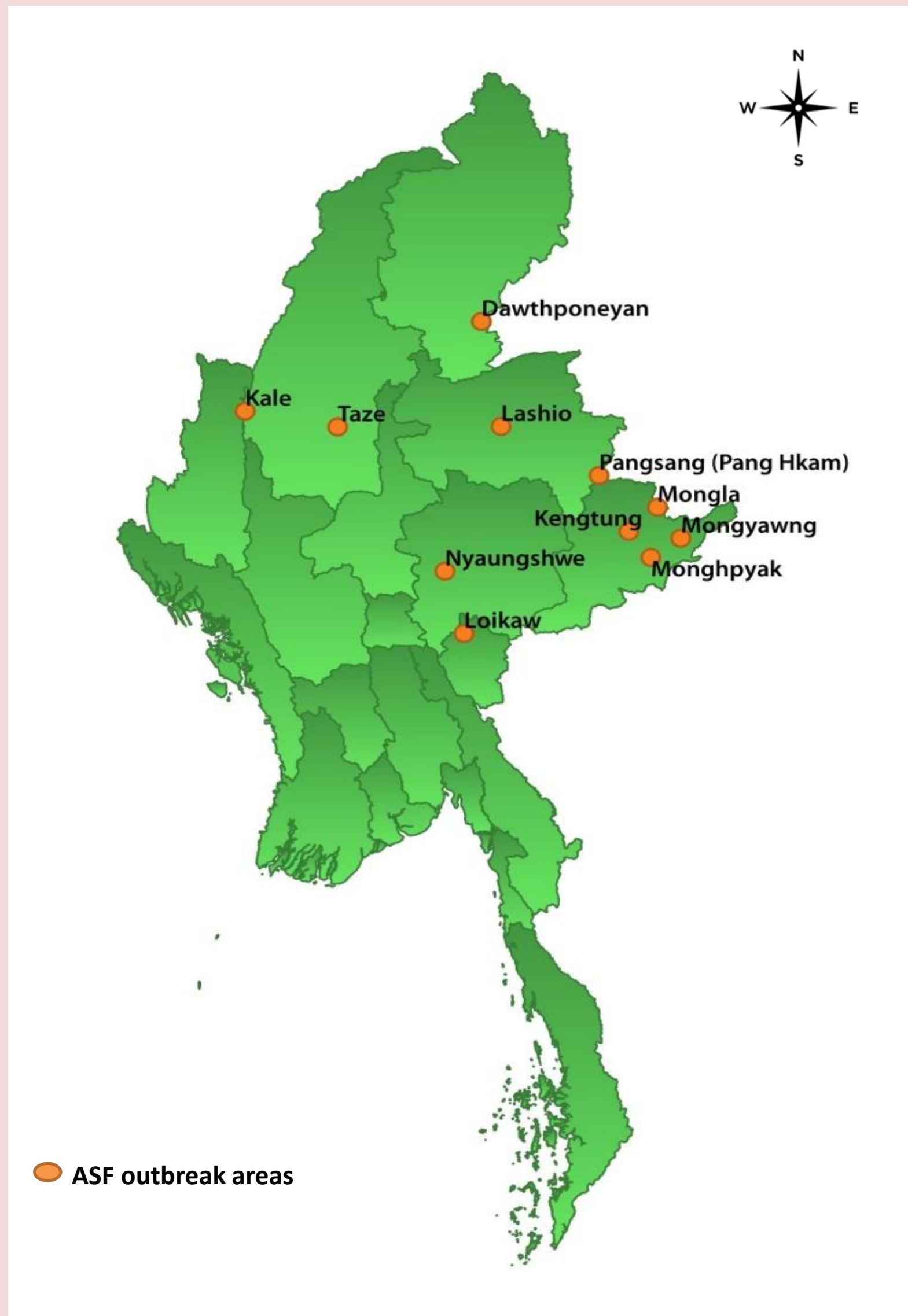
MYANMAR



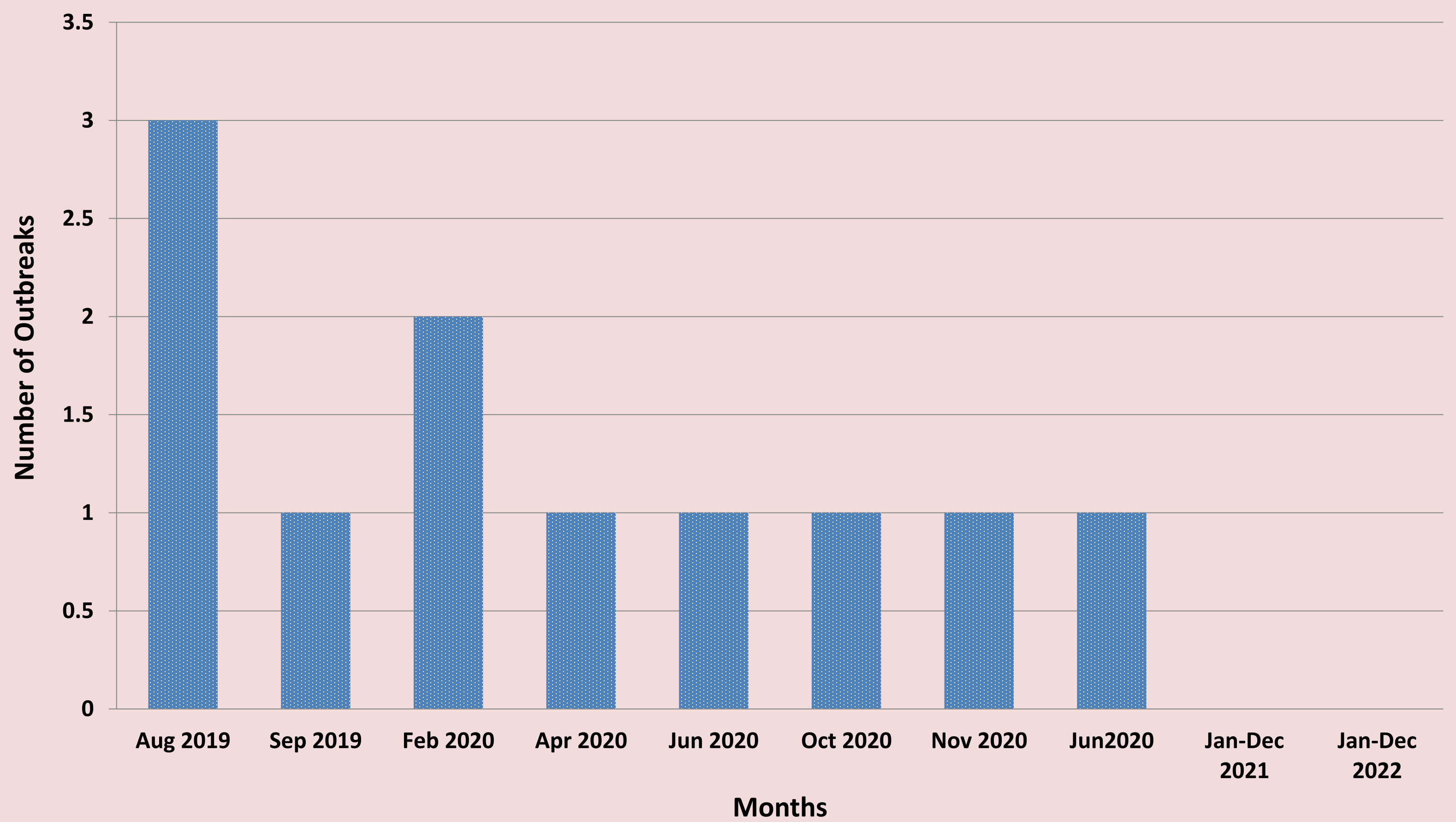
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ASF SITUATION

Spatio-temporal pattern of ASF outbreaks in Myanmar



Temporal distributions of ASF in Myanmar



\*ASF controlling programme was performed by three steps; preparedness, detection and response.

PREPAREDNESS

- Contingency Planning
- Legislation (Listed as Notifiable Disease)
- Awareness (Farm, Slaughter House, Transport)
- Surveillance
- International Collaboration (FAO, OIE)
- Simulation exercises
- Movement control (illegal)
- Strengthening border control for illegal pig products

DETECT

- Laboratory capacity building
- Biosecurity (Farm/Trader/Slaughter)
- Rapid Response Team (Communication/Networking)
- Awareness

RESPONSE

- Transparency (OIE reporting)
- ASF Review meetings every years
- Directive order for restocking, pig movement, regulations for pig farms, owner/drivers of pig transporters, Rules for slaughter house and pig sellers/byers
- Rapid Response Teams (RRT)

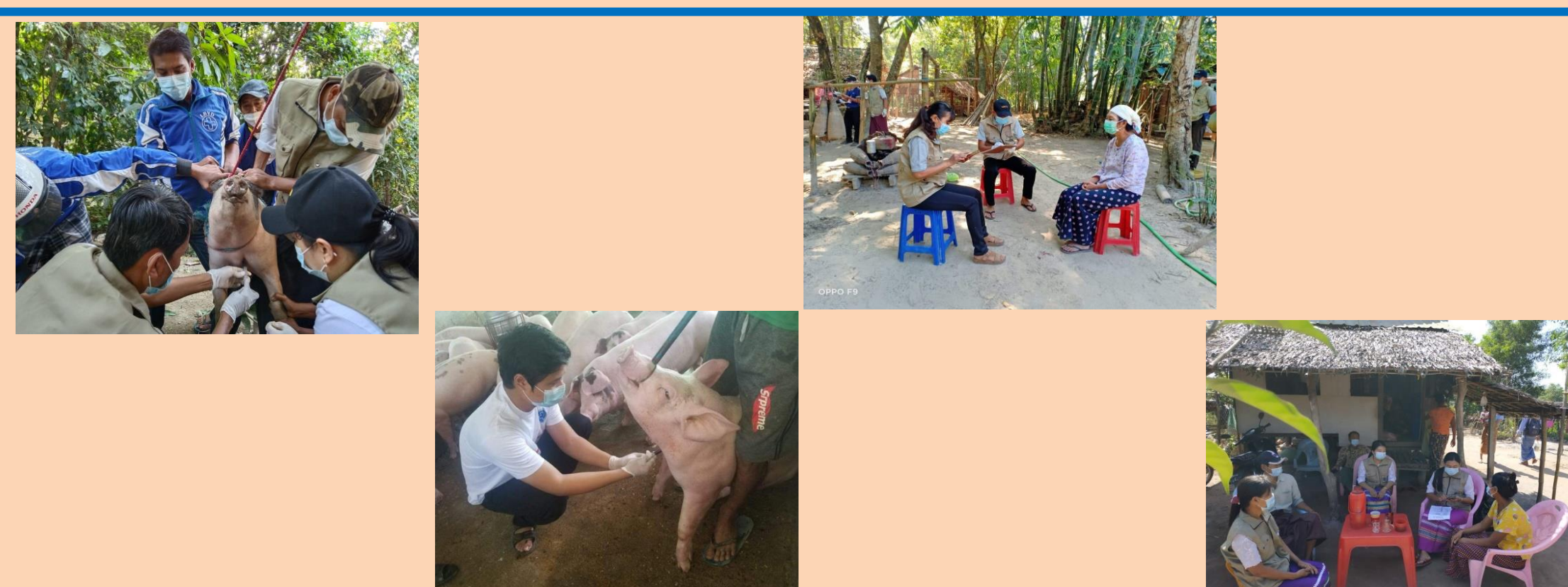


Key ASF PREVENTION AND CONTROL ACTIVITIES

Main Challenges

- Low biosecurity at the SME farms
- Reportings
- COVID and travel restrictions
- Sporadic suspected outbreaks (endemically)
- Illegal trade
- No vaccine available
- Need more international collaboration
- Rapid Respond Teams

\*Overall, 9 main activities will be implemented throughout this year and the new activities will be updated for following years depending on the review meetings of ASF.



No	Activities	2023				2024			
		Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
1	Farm Biosecurity								
2	Slaughter House Biosecurity								
3	Transport (Movement Control)								
4	Surveillance								
5	Proficiency testing Programmes								
6	Laboratory Capacity Building								
7	Human Resources (Trainings)								
8	Vaccination (if available)								
9	Review Meetings								

Way Forward