



Lumpy skin disease (LSD) An update on LSD situation and its control

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Virtual LSD Update Meeting for South-East Asia 16 December 2022, 2.00 to 4.30 PM (Bangkok time)

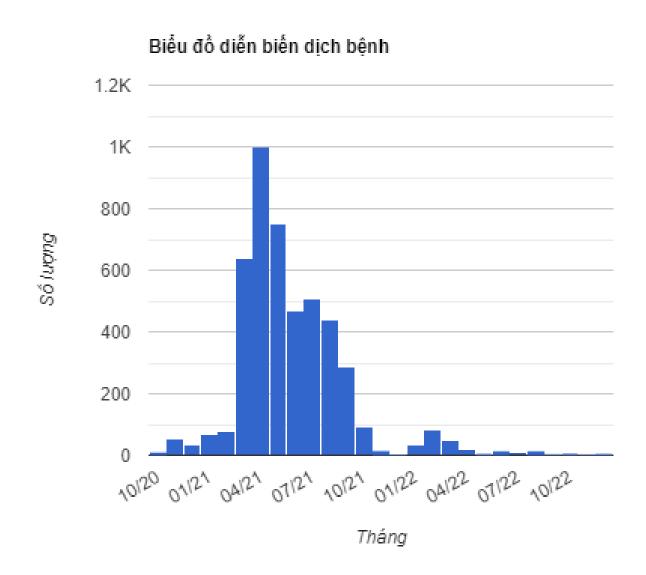
LSD Situation

Outbreak Updates (to 8 April, 2022)

Date of first report	13 October 2020
Date of report to WOAH/OIE	01 November 2020
Total Number of Province affected out of total province	55 out of 63 provinces/cities
Number of farm affected	N/A
Number of animals affected (Cattle/ Buffalo)	211,266
Number of deaths (Cattle/ Buffalo)	29,667
Virus type (confirmed by which Laboratory)	Chinese LSD strains
Total number of outbreaks:	4,712
Total number of outbreaks resolved:	4,706
Ongoing outbreaks:	6
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Founded as OIE

LSD Situation





- Vietnamese LSD strains shared 100% at both nucleotide & amino acid identity when compared with Chinese LSD strains.
- > The analysis EEV glycoprotein LSDV126 gene of Vietnamese the LSD samples show similarity with Neethling virus strains and an identity with Chinese & Russian LSD strains.



Control Measures - Vaccination

- Vaccination began end of February 2021
- In 2021: VN imported & used 9 million doses of LSD vaccines
- In 2022: VN imported 450,000 doses

Vaccine type	Composition	Advantages	Disadvantages	JOVAC trade names
Homologues	Neethling strain	 High efficacy Good neutralizing antibody response Good DHI in 2-3 weeks post vaccination & protect for live 	 Produce clinical skin reaction Reduce milk yield for 2-4 weeks period 	Lumpyshield-N®
Heterologous	Gorgan strain	 High efficacy Good neutralizing Ab response DHI higher than Neethling and within 2 weeks Protect for live 	 No clinical reaction No effect on milk yield 	Lumpyshield-G®
Heterologous	RM65 strain	 High efficacy Good neutralizing antibody response Good DHI in 2-3 weeks post vaccination Protect for live 	 Produce clinical skin reaction Reduce milk yield for 1 month period 	Jovivac Strong®



Control Measures – Others

National LSD Control Progam, period 2022-2030

- 1. Vaccination
- 2. Apply biosecurity, disinfection & sterilization in animal stocking
- 3. Disease surveillance (passive & active surveillance)
- 4. Animal quarantine, transport control, slaughter control & veterinary hygiene inspection
- 5. Outbreak handling; managing and taking care of sick animals
- 6. Strengthen diagnostic and testing capacity
- 7. Develop disease-free compartments and zones
- 8. Studies on epidemiological characteristics of LSD, research & production of LSD vaccines
- 9. Communication of LSD
- 10. International cooperation to strengthen the capacity of prevention and control of diseases
- 11. Develop support policies for LSD prevention & control



Main challenges

- Cross-border control for livestock
- Domestic movement control
- LSD vaccines are imported
- Small-scale farms
- Free grazing
- Disease reporting

Way Forward to control LSD

- Strengthen disease detection
- Vaccinate in infected & high-risk areas (>80% vaccine coverage)
- Control illegal movement
- Collaborate & coordinate with WOAH, FAO and other countries

